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ROLL No.

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TEST BOOKLET No.

2742

APTITUDE TEST FOR B.B.A. LL.B (Hons.)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of **this page**.
3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the **Answer Sheet**. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
5. Each question has four alternative responses marked **A, B, C** and **D** and you have to **darken** the bubble fully by a **Ball Point Pen** corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
6. Each correct answer carries **3** marks and each wrong answer carries **1** minus mark.
7. Please do your rough work only on the space provided for it at the end of this Test Booklet.
8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of such unforeseen happenings the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary.

APTITUDE TEST FOR B.B.A. LL. B (Hons.)

Direction: (Q. Nos. 1 to 25) Choose the correct answer.

1. A person climbing a hill bends forward in order to
 - (A) avoid slipping
 - (B) increase speed
 - (C) reduce fatigue
 - (D) increase stability

2. Population density map of the world shows that large concentration of people live in specific areas. Which of the following reason is the least important in determining a suitable area for settlement?
 - (A) Available fresh water
 - (B) Productive soil
 - (C) Transport facilities
 - (D) Suitable temperature range

3. Nervous system is affected due to the shortage of
 - (A) oxygen
 - (B) sulphur
 - (C) carbon
 - (D) sodium

4. Five year plans are essential for
 - (A) foreign policy
 - (B) economic development
 - (C) cultural growth
 - (D) communal peace

5. The boundary line between India and China is
 - (A) Durand Line
 - (B) Radcliffe Line
 - (C) Mc Mohan line
 - (D) Odee Nissy Line

6. The chairman of the Planning Commission is
 - (A) Finance Minister
 - (B) Planning Minister
 - (C) Prime Minister
 - (D) Deputy Prime Minister

7. 1857 First war of Independence failed mainly because
 - (A) British got French support
 - (B) British numbered more
 - (C) of lack of planning and leadership
 - (D) it was premature

8. In 2010, World Cup Soccer was won by
- (A) Spain defeating Germany (B) Germany defeating Spain
(C) Netherlands defeating Spain (D) Spain defeating Netherlands
9. Which country is famous as 'Pearl of the East'?
- (A) Nepal (B) Bangladesh
(C) Bhutan (D) Sri Lanka
10. Men's singles title in Wimbledon 2010 was won by
- (A) Rafel Nadal (B) Roger Federer
(C) Andy Murray (D) Daniel Nestor
11. Best Parliamentarian Award (2009) was awarded in 2010 to
- (A) Manmohan Singh (B) Murli Manohar Joshi
(C) Sushma Swaraj (D) L.K. Advani
12. Who is the winner of the Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award (2010)?
- (A) Sania Mirza (B) Saina Nehwal
(C) Abhinav Bindra (D) M.S.Dhoni
13. Mr. Yudhoyono, who attended 2011 Republic Day Celebration in India, is the President of
- (A) Indonesia (B) South Korea
(C) Malawi (D) Japan
14. Which of the following country tops in the 'Human Development Report 2010' published by UNDP?
- (A) China (B) USA
(C) UK (D) Norway
15. How many non-permanent members are there in UN Security Council?
- (A) 10 (B) 5
(C) 7 (D) 12

16. Which of the following is the first country to sign a civil nuclear pact with India after NSG waiver?
- (A) USA (B) Australia
(C) China (D) France
17. The manager of Waqf is known as
- (A) Sajjadanashin (B) Khadim
(C) Mutawalli (D) Mujawar
18. Who played a vital role in the integration of princely states?
- (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru (B) Mahatma Gandhi
(C) Sardar Patel (D) None of the above
19. The Kisan Call Centres (KCC) Project was launched in
- (A) 2004 (B) 2009
(C) 2008 (D) 2010
20. A.R. Rahman shared the Grammy Award for the 'Best song for Motion Pictures, Television or other visual media' with
- (A) Javed Akhtar (B) Gulzar
(C) Tanvi Shah (D) Both (B) and (C)
21. Which of the following company launched its legal research tool after Lexis and Westlaw in USA?
- (A) Microsoft (B) Google
(C) Bloomberg (D) None of the above
22. Who among the following won the Indira Gandhi Peace Prize 2010?
- (A) Lula de Silva (B) Sheikh Haseena
(C) Dalailama (D) None of the above

23. How many Indians were awarded with the prestigious Ramon Magsaysay Award 2010?
- (A) 2 (B) 3
(C) 1 (D) None
24. Which of the following is the first private operator to launch its 3G services in the country?
- (A) Airtel (B) Reliance
(C) Tata telecom (D) None of the above
25. Year 2011 was officially declared by the United Nations as which one of the following?
- (A) International Year of Medicine
(B) International Year of Literature
(C) International Year of Chemistry
(D) None of the above

Direction: (Q. Nos. 26 to 30) Read the passage and answer the questions by identifying the most suitable one from among the options given.

Passage 1.

The villager has customarily been very conservative in his attitude and approach. He is reluctant to change his traditional way of thinking and doing things. His attitude, in many respects, is "home-made is best". For instance, most cattle farmers in villages prefer to feed their cows and buffaloes with a home mix comprising of local oil cakes like mustard or cottonseed, pulses, jaggery, salt etc. It makes numerous visits, and is hard convincing the rural cattle-farmer that compound feeds, scientifically formulated, improve the yield of milk, without any incremental costs.

The age-old values and attitudes towards caste, creed, women, time and money take time to change. The villager has traditionally been a believer in the philosophy of 'Karma' or fate. He has found it more convenient to blame his economic destitution, poor living conditions, and straitened social status on 'bhagya', 'Karma' or fate. The security that the villagers find in *status quo*, acts as a disincentive to change and experiment in the short-run. Many of these antiquated attitudes, value systems and outlooks are changing due to improved levels of awareness and education. However, the rate of change is sluggish. Attitudes that have fossilised over the centuries do take time to change.

26. What does the phrase "home-made is best" imply?
- (A) The best should not be discarded.
 - (B) Whatever is being practiced and known is better than what is new.
 - (C) People should go in for Swadeshi because it is home made.
 - (D) Change for the sake of change is no good.
27. When will you call a person conservative in his attitude and approach?
- (A) When he sticks to old ways of thinking and doing.
 - (B) When he would like to try out every new idea before accepting it
 - (C) When he imputes motives to change agents.
 - (D) When he solves problems through tried out methods.
28. Which one of the following is not the usual reason offered by an average Indian villager for his poverty?
- (A) It is God's will.
 - (B) It is a result of some of his bad deeds committed in this or the previous birth.
 - (C) It is because of his resistance to new ideas.
 - (D) It is his destiny
29. What is the best method to convince the average Indian villager about the superiority of the new cattle-feed?
- (A) Discussion
 - (B) Field demonstration
 - (C) Distribution of related literature.
 - (D) Home visits
30. Why does a villager feels secure in maintaining *status quo*?
- (A) Because whatever is known should be the best.
 - (B) Because change is seldom the best.
 - (C) Because too many people go about advising him.
 - (D) Because of the imagined risk involved in trying a new approach.

Directions: (Q. Nos. 31 to 35) Rearrange the following six sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph. Then answer the questions below them.

- (1) Being generous by nature, the king offered them a meal and treated them kindly.
- (2) In appreciation the king ordered a stew to be prepared for the feast in honour of the farmer.
- (3) The king welcomed them too and placed before each a bowl of water saying, 'this is the stew of the hare!'
- (4) A few days later, a few people came to the court claiming to be neighbours of the farmer.
- (5) A poor farmer presented a fine hare to the king.
- (6) Not long afterwards, a large number of people appeared at the palace and introduced themselves as neighbours of the farmer.

31. Which of the following should be the last (sixth) sentence after rearrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 2 | (B) 3 |
| (C) 4 | (D) 5 |

32. Which of the following should be the third sentence after rearrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 2 | (B) 3 |
| (C) 4 | (D) 6 |

33. Which of the following should be the first sentence after rearrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 5 | (B) 2 |
| (C) 3 | (D) 4 |

34. Which of the following should be the second sentence after rearrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 1 | (B) 2 |
| (C) 3 | (D) 4 |

35. Which of the following should be the fourth sentence after rearrangement?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 1 | (B) 2 |
| (C) 3 | (D) 4 |

Direction: (Q. Nos. 36 to 40) Which of the phrases A, B, C, and D given below should replace the phrase given in bold in the following sentences to make it meaningful and grammatically correct.

36. It is too early to say **how the impact** the new tax will have on investors
- (A) what impact (B) that the impact
(C) how much impacts (D) what are the impacts of
37. Unfortunately many of our towns and cities do **have more good** transportation systems.
- (A) have a good (B) not have good
(C) not have much good (D) not having better
38. Banks have **differently rate of interest** depending on the size of the loan.
- (A) difference in rate of interest
(B) differently what rate of interest
(C) different rates of interest
(D) the different rate of interest
39. It is necessary that **we take any** steps to reduce pollution soon.
- (A) we should take every step (B) we have taken no
(C) us to take any (D) we take some
40. Kindly ask **his advise regarding** the various health insurance policies presently available.
- (A) him to advise that (B) regarding his advice
(C) that he should advice (D) his advice regarding

Direction: (Q. Nos. 41 to 50) In the following passage each blank has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, four (A, B, C, D) words are suggested. Find out the appropriate word which fits the blank in each case.

With the __ (41) __ of Indian economy __ (42) __ various reforms initiated banking sector __ (43) __ a pivotal role in the process of achieving __ (44) __ economic growth and also in __ (45) __ the social well being at large. The public sector __ (46) __ in India have the twin tasks ahead of meeting the social banking __ (47) __ and at the



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same time generating __ (48) __ profits to meet the costs associated with the growth. At present, banks have more than 76% of their total branch __ (49) __ in rural and semi-urban __ (50) __.

41. (A) nationalisation (B) expansion
(C) liberalisation (D) computerisation
42. (A) from (B) over
(C) though (D) through
43. (A) managers (B) occupies
(C) facilities (D) naturalise
44. (A) fever (B) fantastic
(C) higher (D) lower
45. (A) increasing (B) enhancing
(C) encouraging (D) improving
46. (A) organisations (B) companies
(C) corporations (D) banks
47. (A) limitations (B) obligations
(C) derivatives (D) liabilities
48. (A) beautiful (B) lump sum
(C) adequate (D) wonderful
49. (A) map (B) scenario
(C) network (D) system
50. (A) households (B) residences
(C) areas (D) suburbs



Direction: (Q. Nos. 51 and 52) Choose the correct idiom/phrase for the word/group of words given in bold.

51. Please stay here **temporarily**. We will provide you permanent accommodation soon.

- (A) on an ad hoc basis (B) for the moment
(C) for the time being (D) until eternity

52. When he started the business, he never expected it to **get him such a lot of money**.

- (A) to be a money spinner (B) to be a go getter
(C) to be a life saver (D) to be a deliver

Direction: (Q. Nos. 53 and 54) Find the meaning of the given word from the alternatives.

53. Untenable

- (A) difficult to leave (B) free of tension
(C) impossible to hold (D) hard to reach

54. Lien

- (A) valour (B) essence
(C) claim of another's property (D) shiny appearance

Direction: (Q. Nos. 55 to 67) Read the following three passages and answer the questions given below each.

Passage 1

The last millennium, the century to which we have said goodbye, has witnessed remarkable progress in every branch of Science and Technology. Our planet has become a global village due to the ongoing information revolution. The biological revolution has placed in our hands the power to alter the blue prints of life. Similarly, there has been spectacular progress in the perfection of weapons of mass destruction. However, the fact is that our socio-cultural and ethical evolution has not kept pace with the revolution in science.



55. What has made our planet a “global village”?
- (A) Liberalisation and free markets
 - (B) Information revolution
 - (C) Evolution in socio-cultural values
 - (D) Revolution in science and technology
56. What does the expression ‘blue prints of life’ stand for in the passage?
- (A) Trials and errors of life
 - (B) Expanding horizons and aspirations of life
 - (C) Pattern of life
 - (D) Detailed plans and schemes of life
57. What has empowered us to change the patterns of life?
- (A) Biological revolution
 - (B) Weapons of mass destruction
 - (C) Readily available means of transport
 - (D) Spectacular successes in technology
58. Where has the revolution in science failed to impact?
- (A) Socio-cultural and ethical evolution
 - (B) Removal of global poverty
 - (C) Total elimination of war
 - (D) Removal of socio-economic inequalities
59. What is the most striking feature of the last millennium?
- (A) Remarkable progress in science and technology
 - (B) Planet as global village
 - (C) Stupendous strides in science
 - (D) Scientific revolution and socio-cultural evolution

Passage 2

Most employees decide their own working hours, set production quotas, improve products and processes, are responsible for their own quality and for approval of leadership appointments. Every one votes on major corporate decisions and on how to split the profits.



As confidence in its novel approach has grown, Semco has happily abolished a lot more of the conventions by which businesses are usually run. No secretaries, receptionists or personal assistants. Reserved parking spaces and dining rooms, dress codes and almost all rules have gone, including those for travel and expenses.

60. From the passage it is clear that novel approach referred to is
- (A) bureaucratic (B) democratic
(C) aristocratic (D) autocratic
61. In the given passage, 'Semco' is the name of
- (A) a brand of the product being produced
(B) a novel approach to things and affairs
(C) a business establishment
(D) the leader of secretaries, receptionists and personal assistants
62. The term leadership appointments has been used in this passage to signify
- (A) selecting company directors
(B) choosing trade union leaders
(C) appointing officers-in-charge of various units / sections
(D) appointing auditors
63. The employees referred to are
- (A) for essential services
(B) government employees
(C) employees of a public sector undertaking
(D) employees of a private company

Passage 3

A civilisation proceeds in the direction of technology, it passes the point of supplying all the basic essentials of life, food, shelter, clothes and warmth. Then we are faced with a choice between using technology to provide and fulfill needs which have hitherto been regarded as unnecessary or, on the other hand, using technology to reduce the number of hours of work which a man must do in order to earn a given standard of living. In other words, we either raise our standard of living above that necessary for comfort and happiness or we leave it at this level and work shorter hours. I shall take it as axiomatic that mankind has, by that time, chosen the latter alternative. The men will be working shortly and shorter hours in their paid employment.



64. "Then we are faced with a choice". What does "then" refer to?
- (A) When autonomous takes over many aspects of human life
 - (B) The present state of civilisation
 - (C) The past stage of civilisation
 - (D) After having provided the basic essentials of life
65. What does the passage suggest about the use of technology?
- (A) It creates new and essential needs for mankind
 - (B) It is opposed to the basic essentials of life
 - (C) It is complementary to a raised standard of living
 - (D) It is responsible for man's love of comfort and happiness
66. What does increased use of technology imply?
- (A) An advanced stage in human civilisation
 - (B) A backward step in human culture
 - (C) Unnecessary comfort and happiness for mankind
 - (D) Men's zest for more and more work
67. What does the author suggest?
- (A) Man will gradually rise above his present stage in civilisation
 - (B) Man will gradually settle down to the same stage with fewer hours of work
 - (C) Man will gradually raise his standard of living by working longer hours
 - (D) Man will gradually earn a given standard of living with the help of technology

Direction: (Q. Nos. 68 to 70) Fill in the blanks with correct word(s).

68. This the rise of religious intolerance by selfish people and short sighted politicians
- (A) spreads, banned
 - (B) stops, criticised
 - (C) highlights, fanned
 - (D) covers up, publicised



69. Mrs. Singh decided to her husband with the kitchen knife
- (A) murder (B) stab
(C) kill (D) poke
70. The army officer was in the face of trouble and was able to defend himself
- (A) brave (B) to stand up
(C) daring (D) bold
71. Mahila Vahini is a women commando unit being set up by
- (A) CRPF (B) BSF
(C) Railways (D) None of the above
72. Who among the following is the author of the book 'Decision Points'?
- (A) Barak Obama (B) Tony Blair
(C) George W. Bush (D) None of the above
73. Who among the following was declared as the brand ambassador of World Cup Cricket 2011?
- (A) Jayasurya (B) Sachin Tendulkar
(C) M.S. Dhoni (D) None of the above
74. India, who is a founding member of the UN, returned to the Security Council after a gap of years
- (A) 10 (B) 12
(C) 15 (D) 19
75. The new National Litigation Policy is aiming to reduce the average time of pending cases in India from 15 years to
- (A) 3 years (B) 10 years
(C) 5 years (D) 7 years



76. Which of the following is an indirect tax?
- (A) Income tax (B) Corporate tax
(C) Value added tax (D) Wealth tax
77. A judge of the Supreme Court of India is to hold office until he attains the age of
- (A) 65 yrs (B) 62 yrs
(C) 60 yrs (D) 58 yrs
78. Who drafted Indian Penal Code?
- (A) Lord Macaulay (B) Lord Mountbatten
(C) Henry Maine (D) Lord Minto
79. Which of the following is not the function of the Election Commission?
- (A) Issue of election notification
(B) Allotment of symbols
(C) Preparation of electoral rolls
(D) Examining the cases challenging the election of candidates
80. National Law Day is observed on
- (A) 30th January (B) 26th November
(C) 22nd November (D) 16th August
81. You have found a valuable diamond in front of your college. Later, you gave it to your friend for the purpose of entrusting it to true owner. But the true owner was not found. Here
- (A) the diamond belongs to you
(B) you should share the diamond with your friend
(C) you should entrust it to the government
(D) None of the above
82. An offence by which a person betrays his country by means of committing a traitorous offence attracting capital punishment, is known as
- (A) terrorism (B) anti terrorism
(C) sedition (D) decoity



83. The idea of Fundamental Duties envisaged in our Constitution was derived from the Constitution of
- (A) Russia (B) USA
(C) UK (D) Canada
84. India is a secular state because
- (A) people are not permitted to offer prayers at public places in the event of posing threat to peace
(B) public wells and religious places are accessible to all
(C) state sanctions grants to all religious institutions
(D) state does not have its own religion and the people have the freedom to profess and practice any religion of their choice
85. "No person shall be punished twice for the same offence." This principle is popularly known as
- (A) double criminality (B) double jeopardy
(C) double action (D) double trial
86. Who is a recidivist?
- (A) Hermit (B) A habitual criminal
(C) Terrorist (D) Law abiding citizen
87. An ordinance normally remains in force till
- (A) six months from the date of issue
(B) six weeks from the date of issue
(C) six weeks from the commencement of the next session of the legislature
(D) six months from the commencement of the next session of the legislature
88. Entry into the legal profession is regulated by
- (A) the Advocates Association
(B) the Bar Council of India
(C) Bar Association
(D) High Courts and Supreme Court



89. A lawyer has a relationship with his client.
- (A) fiduciary (B) financial
(C) personal (D) impersonal
90. Who among the following is recently appointed the Associate Justice of US Supreme Court?
- (A) Navneetham pillai (B) Elena Kagan
(C) Rosalyn Higgins (D) None of the above
91. Which of the following is the least corrupted state according to the Transparency International's Corruption Perception Index 2010?
- (A) Denmark (B) New Zealand
(C) Singapore (D) All of the above
92. Which of the following country withdrew from compulsory jurisdiction of International Court of Justice?
- (A) USA (B) UK
(C) Australia (D) None of the above
93. How many women MPs are there in the present Lok Sabha?
- (A) 59 (B) 69
(C) 79 (D) 49
94. Who among the following was elected the third female judge in the history of Supreme Court of USA?
- (A) Rosalyn Higgins (B) Sonia Sotomayer
(C) Asha Rose Migiro (D) None of the above
95. Central Government decided to increase the reservation for women in municipalities from 33% to
- (A) 50% (B) 45%
(C) 35% (D) 40%

96. Which of the following Law Commission reports deals with "Legal Education and professional Training and Proposal for amendments to the Advocates Act, 1961"?
- (A) 169th (B) 179th
(C) 184th (D) 209th
97. The income ceiling for eligibility for legal aid and assistance for legal aid before the Supreme Court of India under the Legal Services Authorities Act is
- (A) Rs.50,000/- (B) Rs.25,000/-
(C) Rs.75,000/- (D) Rs.1,00,000/-
98. When a person is bound to prove the existence of any fact, it is said that lies on that person.
- (A) presumption (B) evidence
(C) burden of proof (D) None of the above
99. Who was the Chairman of the First Law Commission of India?
- (A) M.C. Setalvad (B) Subbarao
(C) Nani Palkiwala (D) M.C. Chagla
100. is the law of the place.
- (A) Lex loci (B) Lex fori
(C) Lex place (D) None of the above
101. Johnny starts walking towards East. After moving a distance of 20 metres, he turns to his left and walks 15 metres. Then, he turns to his right and moves 25 metres. Next, he turns to his right again and walks 15 metres. How far in metres is he from his starting point?
- (A) 0 (B) 25
(C) 40 (D) 45
102. A train is moving at a speed of 92.4 km/hr. How many metres will it cover in 10 minutes?
- (A) 1540 (B) 15400
(C) 154 (D) 15.4



103. A boy goes to school at a speed of 3 km/hr and returns to the village at a speed of 2 km/hr. If he takes 5 hrs in all, what is the distance between the village and the school?
- (A) 6 km (B) 7 km
(C) 8 km (D) 9 km

Directions: (Q. Nos. 104 to 109) Find out the missing number in the series.

104. 3 4 6 10 18 ----
(A) 22 (B) 26
(C) 36 (D) 34
105. 4 6 9 13 18 ----
(A) 26 (B) 22
(C) 24 (D) 25
106. 3 5 9 17 33 ----
(A) 65 (B) 66
(C) 57 (D) 55
107. 2 5 12 27 ----
(A) 54 (B) 56
(C) 58 (D) 55
108. 2 4 12 48 ----
(A) 288 (B) 96
(C) 144 (D) 240
109. 2 7 14 23 34 ----
(A) 46 (B) 47
(C) 45 (D) 48



Direction: (Q. Nos. 110 to 113) Pick out the most suitable alternative which fills the blank in each question.

110. 'Bark' is to 'Dog' as 'Sparrow' is to -----
(A) Bird (B) Crow
(C) Chirp (D) fly
111. 'Apex' is to 'Top' as 'Base' is to -----
(A) Side (B) Ball
(C) Home (D) Bottom
112. 'Man' is to 'Masculine' as 'Woman' is to -----
(A) Madame (B) Girls
(C) Intuitive (D) Feminine
113. 'Foot' is to 'Infantry' as 'Horse' is to -----
(A) Travel (B) Cavalry
(C) Army (D) Armoury
114. "All champions are strong. All athletes are strong. So, all champions are athletes." This is an example of
(A) syllogism (B) verbal classification
(C) inferential conclusion (D) syntactic inference
115. Read the following three statements and choose the correct conclusion from the choices given below:

Statements:

1. Graduates can only become the members of the club
2. Many of the members of the club are officers
3. Some of the officers have been invited for the dinner



Conclusions:

- (A) All the members of the club have been invited for the dinner
- (B) Some of the officers are not graduates
- (C) All graduates are members of the club
- (D) Those invited for dinner are graduates

Direction: (Q. Nos. 116 to 120) In each of the following questions, a statement is given followed by two conclusions I and II. Choose the correct answer.

116. Statement:

Parents are prepared to pay any price for an elite education to their children.

Conclusions:

- I. All parents these days are very well off.
 - II. Parents have an obsessive passion for a perfect development of their children through good schooling.
- (A) Only conclusion I follows
 - (B) Only conclusion II follows
 - (C) Both conclusions I and II follow
 - (D) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

117. Statement:

Constitution prohibits the employment of children in any organisation.

Conclusions:

- I. The employees must abide by the constitution.
 - II. Children below the age of 14 years shall be engaged in acquiring education.
- (A) Only conclusion I follows
 - (B) Only conclusion II follows
 - (C) Both conclusions I and II follow
 - (D) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows



118. Statement:

In India emphasis be given more to agriculture engineering and technological fields rather than on basic and pure sciences.

Conclusions:

- I. India has achieved sufficient development in the field of basic and pure science.
 - II. In the past, production sector of economy was neglected.
- (A) Only conclusion I follows
 - (B) Only conclusion II follows
 - (C) Both conclusions I and II follow
 - (D) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

119. Statement:

Any young man, who makes dowry as a condition for marriage, disrespects himself and dishonor womanhood.

Conclusions:

- I. Those who take dowry in marriage should be condemned by the society.
 - II. Those who do not take dowry in marriage respect womanhood.
- (A) Only conclusion I follows
 - (B) Only conclusion II follows
 - (C) Both conclusions I and II follow
 - (D) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

120. Statements:

- 1. Some ministers have been teachers.
- 2. All teachers are scholars.

Conclusions:

- I. Some ministers have been scholars.
 - II. All scholars are teachers.
- (A) Only conclusion I follows
 - (B) Only conclusion II follows
 - (C) Both conclusions I and II follow
 - (D) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

Direction: (Q. Nos. 121 to 125) Each question below is followed by two arguments numbered I and II. You have to decide which of the arguments are strong (those which are both important and directly related to the question) and which of the arguments are weak (those which are of minor importance and not directly related to the question).

121. Should sex determination test during pregnancy be completely banned?

Arguments:

- I. Yes, this test leads to indiscriminate female foeticide and eventually will lead to social imbalance.
 - II. No, people have a right to know about their unborn child
- (A) Only argument I is strong
 - (B) Only argument II is strong
 - (C) Both arguments I and II are strong
 - (D) Neither argument I nor argument II is strong

122. Should the parents in India in future be forced to opt for only one child as against two or many at present?

Arguments:

- I. Yes, this is the only way to check the ever-increasing population in India.
 - II. No, this type of pressure tactic is not adopted by any other country in the world.
- (A) Only argument I is strong
 - (B) Only argument II is strong
 - (C) Both arguments I and II are strong
 - (D) Neither argument I nor argument II is strong



123. Should there be complete ban on mining coal in India?

Arguments:

- I. Yes, the present stock of coal will not last long if we continue mining at the present rate
- II. No, we do not have alternate energy sources of sufficient quantity.

- (A) Only argument I is strong
- (B) Only argument II is strong
- (C) Both arguments I and II are strong
- (D) Neither argument I nor argument II is strong

124. Should all slums in big cities be demolished and the people living in such slums be relocated outside the city limits?

Arguments:

- I. No, all these people will lose their home and livelihood and hence they should not be relocated.
- II. Yes, the big cities need more and more spaces to carry out developmental activities and hence these slums should be removed.

- (A) Only argument I is strong
- (B) Only argument II is strong
- (C) Both arguments I and II are strong
- (D) Neither argument I nor argument II is strong

125. Should there be uniforms for students in colleges in India as in schools?

Arguments:

- I. Yes, this will improve the ambience of the colleges as all the students will be decently dressed.
- II. No, college students should not be regimented and they should be left to choose their clothes for coming to colleges.

- (A) Only argument I is strong
- (B) Only argument II is strong
- (C) Both arguments I and II are strong
- (D) Neither argument I nor argument II is strong



Directions: (Q. Nos. 126 to 133) In the given questions some statements are given followed by four conclusions. Find out which of the conclusions logically follow from the given premise.

126. Statements: Some men are goats. All goats are jackals.

Conclusions:

- I. Some men are jackals
- II. Some jackals are men
- III. All jackals are goats
- IV. Some goats are men

- (A) Only I and II follows
- (B) Only III and IV follow
- (C) Only IV follows
- (D) All follow

127. Statements: No educationists are researchers. All researchers are teachers.

Conclusions:

- I. No teacher is researcher
- II. No teacher is educationist
- III. Some researchers are teachers
- IV. Some teachers are researchers

- (A) Only II follows
- (B) None follows
- (C) Either I or III follows
- (D) Only III or IV follows

128. Statements: No parrot is crow. All crows are bats.

Conclusions:

- I. Some bats are parrots
- II. All bats are parrots
- III. Some bats are crows
- IV. Some bats are not crows

- (A) None follows
- (B) Only I and II follow
- (C) Only I, II and III follow
- (D) Only III or IV follows

129. Statements: All shoes are bags. All bags are boxes.

Conclusions:

- I. Some bags are shoes
- II. No bag is shoes
- III. Some boxes are shoes
- IV. All boxes are shoes

- (A) Only I follows
- (B) Only either I and II follows
- (C) Only I and III follow
- (D) None follows

130. Statements: Some flowers are fruits. Some fruits are chocolates.

Conclusions:

- I. No flower is a chocolate
- II. All fruits are chocolates
- III. Some chocolates are flowers
- IV. No fruits are flowers

- (A) Only I follows
- (B) Either I and II follows
- (C) Either III and IV follows
- (D) None follows

131. Statements: Some tigers are bulls. All bulls are horses.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tigers are horses
- II. Some horses are tigers
- III. All horses are bulls
- IV. Some bulls are horses

- (A) None follows
- (B) Only I, II and IV follow
- (C) Only II, III and IV follow
- (D) None of the above

132. Statements: Some tomatoes are pumpkins. All pumpkins are eggs.

Conclusions:

- I. All eggs are pumpkins
- II. All tomatoes are pumpkins
- III. Some tomatoes which are not pumpkin are eggs
- IV. Some eggs are tomatoes

- (A) All follow (B) Only I and II follow
(C) Only III and IV follow (D) None of the above

133. Statements:

1. All tutors are dentists.
2. All dentists are engineers.
3. All engineers are scientists.

Conclusions:

- I. Some scientists are tutors
- II. All dentists are scientists
- III. Some engineers are tutors
- IV. All dentists are tutors

- (A) Only I and II follow (B) Only I and III follow
(C) I, II and III follow (D) None of the above

134. Find the odd man out.

- (A) Square (B) Yard
(C) Cube (D) Pint

135. The time by my watch is 1.30. If hour hand points towards the west, which direction will minute hand point?

- (A) North-east (B) North-west
(C) South-east (D) South-west

6. Pick out the word that does not fit in with the others:
- (A) Peso (B) Dinar
(C) Europe (D) Euro
7. You have been caught red-handed in an office while looking into a file marked 'Strictly Confidential'. What will be your most reasonable action in the situation?
- (A) To feel sheepish and embarrassed
(B) To admit to the crime
(C) To offer a logical alibi
(D) To stand rooted to the ground
8. All contracts are agreements. All agreements are accepted offers. Which of the following derivation is correct?
- (A) All accepted offers are contracts
(B) All agreements are contracts
(C) All contracts are accepted offers
(D) None of the above
9. No minor can enter into a contract of work. Working in a shop can be done only by a contract. Which of the following derivation is correct?
- (A) A minor cannot work in a shop
(B) A shop cannot contract with a minor
(C) There cannot be a contract to which minor is a party
(D) None of the above
10. A contract contravening public policy is void. There cannot be a general definition of public policy. Which one of the following is correct derivation from the above?
- (A) There cannot be a general definition of contract
(B) Since public policy is uncertain, contract is also uncertain
(C) The impact of public policy on contract is to be judged in individual cases
(D) None of the above

Directions: (Q. Nos. 141 to 144) Read the following data and answer the questions based on it.

Six people A, B, C, D, E and F live in a six-storeyed building, each on one floor. The following statements describe where they stay:

- (1) B lives on floor 6
- (2) A is equally far from C and E
- (3) F is an engineer
- (4) D is two floors above F
- (5) C does not live next to an engineer

141. Which of the following is true?

- (A) C lives on floor 4
- (B) A is exactly between D and F
- (C) E is on floor 5
- (D) B is on floor 5

142. If statement 5 is disregarded, which floor does A stay on?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 5 | (B) 4 |
| (C) 3 | (D) 1 |

143. Which of the following is not true?

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) F is not next to D | (B) C is between B and D |
| (C) E lives on floor 2 | (D) B is on floor 6 |

144. If condition 5 is invalid, how many types of arrangements are possible?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (A) 2 | (B) 3 |
| (C) 1 | (D) 5 |

145. Raja Ram Mohan Roy was not connected with

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| (A) abolition of Sati | (B) widow remarriage |
| (C) promotion of English | (D) Sanskrit education |



146. The earnings of kings in the medieval age were mostly derived from
- (A) offerings made at temples (B) land revenue
(C) trade and commerce (D) industrial products
147. When you happen to see murder of a person, then you are expected to
- (A) make a complaint to the court
(B) run away from the place of the scene
(C) give information to the police
(D) remain as a helpless person
148. John is twice as old as his sister Mary who is now five years of age. How old will John be when Mary is 35 years of age?
- (A) 40 (B) 35
(C) 60 (D) 65

Direction: (Q. Nos. 149 and 150) Numbers given have some relationship. Find out the one that is different.

- 149.
- (A) 6 : 26 (B) 11 : 46
(C) 9 : 40 (D) 16 : 66
- 150.
- (A) 9 : 80 (B) 1 : 0
(C) 6 : 35 (D) 10 : 91
