

20115

ROLL No.

--	--	--	--	--

TEST BOOKLET No.

436

**APTITUDE TEST FOR 5 YEAR B.B.A., LL.B (Hons.)/B.Com., LL.B. (Hons.)**

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of **this page**.
3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the **Answer Sheet**. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
5. Each question has four alternative responses marked **A, B, C** and **D** and you have to **darken** the bubble corresponding to the correct response fully by a **Ball Point Pen** as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
6. Each correct answer carries **3** marks and each wrong answer carries **1** minus mark.
7. Space for rough work is provided at the end of this Test Booklet.
8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of any such unforeseen happening, the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary.

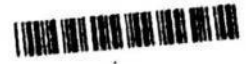


20115

**APTITUDE TEST FOR 5 YEAR B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/  
B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.)**

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 1 – 6):** Fill in the blanks with appropriate words from the alternatives given.

1. Young Nina ..... a very sweet song  
(A) sang (B) singed  
(C) recited (D) tuned
2. We worked hard ..... summer  
(A) across (B) along  
(C) around (D) during
3. The shop was ....., so they decided to hop over  
(A) closed (B) opened  
(C) close by (D) half opened
4. They found the body under the .....  
(A) remains of the building (B) debris  
(C) storeys (D) wreckage
5. Pollution in the streets of Delhi ..... the life of every human being  
(A) exposes (B) hazards  
(C) imperils (D) endangers
6. The father was ..... but the son was not going to listen  
(A) shouting (B) scolding  
(C) firm (D) demanding



20115

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 7 – 11):** Give antonyms for the following words.

7. CONTAMINATION

- (A) Purification
- (C) Prejudice

- (B) Forgetfulness
- (D) Exonerate

8. FETTER

- (A) Liberate
- (C) Scorn

- (B) Imprison
- (D) Traitor

9. PLETHORA

- (A) Piety
- (C) Chagrin

- (B) Paucity
- (D) Rude

10. JUDICIOUS

- (A) Rash
- (C) Painful

- (B) Desirable
- (D) Rude

11. ABROGATE

- (A) Enact
- (C) Disinfect

- (B) Entice
- (D) Tarnish

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 12 – 14):** Choose the word which is nearly the same in meaning to the keyword.

12. Corroborate

- (A) Corrosive
- (C) Corrigendum

- (B) Confirm
- (D) Interesting



20115

13. Repent

- (A) Grieve (B) Admit  
(C) Confers (D) Ignore

14. Virulent

- (A) An infectious agent (B) Intensely noxious  
(C) Benevolent (D) Forgive

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 15 and 16):** Give the synonyms of the following words.

15. Boom

- (A) Flow (B) Vigour  
(C) Curse (D) Explosion

16. Scintillating

- (A) Touching (B) Warning  
(C) Glittering (D) Ploughing

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 17 and 18):** Choose the appropriate words that give nearly the same meaning as the phrase.

17. Putting a person outside the protection of law

- (A) Laudatory (B) Ambiguous  
(C) Proscribe (D) Placatory

18. A highly skilled person

- (A) Consummate (B) Genius  
(C) Gregarious (D) Inveterate

20115

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 19 – 21):** Find out the correct preposition.

19. The President of India is invested ..... executive powers

- (A) with (B) of  
(C) from (D) in

20. The court is not concerned ..... political status of the accused

- (A) about (B) from  
(C) in (D) for

21. We are ready ..... the battle

- (A) to (B) of  
(C) with (D) for

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 22 – 26):** Read the passage carefully and answer the questions.

Every housewife knows how important a written list can be. Have you ever noticed how many young homemakers push their carts through the grocery aisles while referring to their grocery lists? Those simple grocery lists are the secret to saving time and money, and to avoiding frustration. Aisle after aisle of tempting packages has been designed to catch their eyes and divert their attention, but written lists keep them focused on grocery needs and away from things like a box of gooey fudge cookies.

22. Choose the correct answer

- (A) It is waste of time to keep a written list for shopping  
(B) Grocery lists shut you away from tempting products  
(C) Shopping without a list is fun  
(D) One can shop effectively without a list



20115

23. Tick the statement which you think is correct

- (A) Grocery lists save time and money during shopping
- (B) Shopping without a list is boring
- (C) Shopping with a list is aimless and wastage of energy
- (D) Only people with poor memory make a list

24. An aisle is a

- (A) channel
- (B) bench
- (C) shelf
- (D) basket

25. The passage seeks to drive home the need for

- (A) shopping
- (B) written lists
- (C) resisting temptation
- (D) saving money

26. "Goey Cookies" conjures up a picture of

- (A) crisp cookies
- (B) sticky cookies
- (C) tasty cookies
- (D) nutty cookies

**Direction (Qn. No. 27 and 28):** Choose the word that is opposite of the key word.

27. Distract

- (A) Calm
- (B) Attract
- (C) Contract
- (D) Protract

28. Obsolete

- (A) Up-to-date
- (B) Antiquated
- (C) Abolished
- (D) Disused

20115

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 29 – 32):** Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the given idioms/phrases.

29. To turn over a new leaf

- (A) To change the old habits and adopt new ones
- (B) To cover up one's faults by wearing new masks
- (C) To shift attention to new problems after having studied the old one's thoroughly
- (D) To change completely one's course of action

30. Smell a rat

- (A) To act unfairly
- (B) To talk boastfully
- (C) To have reason to suspect
- (D) To discharge

31. Black and blue

- (A) Painting
- (B) Severely
- (C) Together
- (D) Intermix

32. Yeoman's service

- (A) Render help
- (B) Poor service
- (C) Slavery
- (D) Late delivery of goods

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 33 – 36):** Substitute one word for the following.

33. One who walks in sleep

- (A) Plagiarist
- (B) Consecrate
- (C) Somnambulist
- (D) Reticent

34. Action contrary to law

- (A) Gullible
- (B) Introvert
- (C) Illegible
- (D) Illegal



20115

35. One who derives pleasure in torturing others
- |              |               |
|--------------|---------------|
| (A) Regicide | (B) Obsolete  |
| (C) Sadist   | (D) Unnatural |

36. One who eats too much
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| (A) Effeminate | (B) Gregarious |
| (C) Omnivorous | (D) Glutton    |

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 37 – 41):** Choose the word / phrase nearest in meaning to the underlined part.

37. They resolved to go on strike until their demands were met
- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| (A) desired | (B) demanded |
| (C) started | (D) decided  |
38. She was immaculately dressed in white
- |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (A) admirably   | (B) beautifully |
| (C) wonderfully | (D) spotlessly  |
39. Under no circumstances an accomplice should go unpunished
- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| (A) advisor     | (B) abettor |
| (C) subordinate | (D) accused |
40. Poverty has become chronic in countries like Ethiopia
- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| (A) persistent | (B) durable |
| (C) painful    | (D) severe  |
41. Nobody knows that he had a sinister design in marrying her
- |            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| (A) evil   | (B) murderous |
| (C) sinful | (D) selfish   |



20115

**Direction (Qn. No. 42):** Select the pair of words that has the same relationship as the original pair of words given.

42. Sculptor: Chisel: :

- (A) Table: Furniture  
(C) Book: Student

- (B) Paper: Book  
(D) Pen: Author

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 43 – 45):** Improve the quality of the given sentence by choosing the correct alternative.

43. Presently he is studying Law

- (A) At present  
(C) In present

- (B) At presently  
(D) No improvement

44. He claimed that he was senior than me

- (A) Senior over  
(C) Senior to

- (B) Senior by  
(D) No improvement

45. Can you tell me where does your uncle live?

- (A) Where your uncle does live?  
(B) Where lives your uncle?  
(C) Where your uncle lives?  
(D) No improvement

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 46 – 50):** Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

In many schools, children who 'complete' primary schools are not fully functional in the language that serves as the medium of their education. One would expect that class VI students almost twelve years old with five years of schooling behind him, would be able to read, understand and write the language.



20115

Unfortunately, surveys conducted among rural school children in the state reveal that this is not the case. A majority of the school population was found to be at the frustration level in understanding the texts. The surveys also reveal the enormous heterogeneity of the linguistic and cultural background of the children, contrary to the belief that they all come from Hindi speaking backgrounds.

46. The phrase 'not fully functional' means that the children
- (A) are not able to do any work on their own
  - (B) cannot read the text book properly
  - (C) cannot write letters
  - (D) do not have any general knowledge
47. A class VI student who is twelve years old has 'five years of schooling behind him'. This means that he
- (A) has attended school for five years
  - (B) has skipped his primary school
  - (C) refuses to attend school till he is twelve
  - (D) does not attach any importance to primary education
48. The surveys conducted in the state reveal that
- (A) there are very few primary schools in the rural areas
  - (B) there is no single medium of instruction for them
  - (C) all languages are taught in a haphazard manner
  - (D) the student cannot understand the text books
49. Before the surveys we had the belief that
- (A) all children were good students
  - (B) the schools taught Hindi very efficiently
  - (C) all the children spoke Hindi at home
  - (D) Hindi was a compulsory subject



20115

50. In the given context, the enormous heterogeneity of children, is due to the fact that these children
- (A) speaks different languages
  - (B) come from south India only
  - (C) belongs to different classes of society
  - (D) comes from different cultural background

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 51 – 56):** Find the suitable pair.

51. Battle : War

- (A) Word : Essay
- (B) Goal : Game
- (C) Arrow : Quiver
- (D) Match : Championship

52. Ribbon : Printer

- (A) Photocopier : Paper
- (B) Carbon paper : Typewriter
- (C) Fax : Message
- (D) Graph paper : Note book

53. Apparent : Ostensible

- (A) Unclear : Concealed
- (B) Tangible : Superficial
- (C) Disclose : Displays
- (D) Transparent : Opaque

54. Admit : Expel

- (A) Allow : Permit
- (B) Adopt : Reject
- (C) Eject : Quit
- (D) Cottage : Hut

55. Value : Price

- (A) Substance : Mass
- (B) Calorie : Food
- (C) Dress : Cloth
- (D) Salary : Work



20115

56. Tattoo : Skin
- (A) Bracelet : Wrist (B) Logo : Dress  
(C) Necklace : Neck (D) None of the above
57. Officer is related to Certify in the same way as Notary is related to
- (A) Note (B) Stamp  
(C) Protest (D) Attest
58. Which of the following is related to 'Cruelty' in the same manner as 'Hot' is related to 'Cold'?
- (A) Patience (B) Temperature  
(C) Kindness (D) Hate
59. Complete the following series with those given from among the alternatives: B Y C X D W E ....
- (A) F (B) Z  
(C) V (D) M
60. Which of the following is related to Islamabad in the same manner as New York is related to San Francisco?
- (A) Pakistan (B) Kabul  
(C) Punjab (D) Karachi

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 61 and 62):** Match the letters with numbers from the code given.

Letters	W	A	G	E	I	N	T	R	M	F
Numbers	2	5	8	0	9	4	7	1	6	3

61. MEGAWF

- (A) 6 0 7 5 2 3 (B) 6 0 8 5 2 3  
(C) 6 0 7 5 3 2 (D) 6 0 8 5 3 2



20115

62. NITAGE

(A) 479580

(B) 497508

(C) 479508

(D) 497580

63. Which of the following pairs has the same relationship between its two elements as between Thirst: Water?

(A) Appetite: Meat

(B) Sun: Energy

(C) Poison: Death

(D) Ice: Cold

64. Find the odd-man out

(A) Fear

(B) Love

(C) Liking

(D) Discipline

65. What is the least number by which 450 must be multiplied in order to make it a perfect square?

(A) 4

(B) 3

(C) 2

(D) 1

66. Indicate the group of letters which is different from the rest.

(A) BFDC

(B) VZXW

(C) KPML

(D) QUSR

67. If 'cold drinks' were oceans, then 'ice cubes' will be

(A) coast lines

(B) glaciers

(C) ice bergs

(D) islands

68. Find out the number which does not belong to the set.

(A) 1

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 9



20115

69. 76% of 80 is
- (A) 56.6 (B) 56.8  
(C) 60.4 (D) 60.8
70. How many 4s are there in the series below which are preceded by 8 and followed by 0?  
8 4 0 4 8 0 4 8 0 4 8 0 8 4 0 8 0 4 8 0 4 8 4 0 8 0 4
- (A) 1 (B) 2  
(C) 3 (D) 4
71. Kamal receives marks 91, 88, 86 and 78 in four out of five subjects. What must he receive in his fifth subject in order to average 85?
- (A) 82 (B) 83  
(C) 85 (D) 86
72. In a division sum, the remainder is 6 and the divisor is 5 times the quotient and is obtained by adding 2 to the thrice of the remainder. The dividend is
- (A) 40 (B) 42  
(C) 80 (D) 86
73. Which of the following numbers is exactly divisible by 45?
- (A) 181560 (B) 331145  
(C) 202860 (D) 2023550
74. Which greatest number will divide 3026 and 5053 leaving remainders 11 and 13 respectively?
- (A) 15 (B) 30  
(C) 45 (D) 60

20115

75. 20% of a number when added to 20 becomes the number itself. Find the number.

- (A) 20 (B) 25  
(C) 50 (D) 80

76. A man has to walk 6 km to cover all the boundaries of a rectangular farm of area 2 sq.km. What is the difference between the two sides of the farm?

- (A) 0 km (B) 1 km  
(C) 2 km (D) 0.5 km

77. 20 litres of chemical A are added to 80 litres of mixture which is 10% chemical A and 90% chemical B. What percentage of the resulting mixture is chemical A?

- (A) 18% (B) 40%  
(C) 15% (D) 28%

78. In a certain code REPORT is written as SDONQU. How is PERSON written in that code?

- (A) QDQRNP (B) QDQRNM  
(C) ODQRNP (D) None of the above

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 79 – 81):** Select the correct response.

79. Which one of the following is same as liver, heart, kidney?

- (A) Nose (B) Blood  
(C) Urine (D) Lung

80. Which one of the following is same as uncle, aunt, brother?

- (A) Child (B) Boy  
(C) Adult (D) Nephew



20115

15

81. Which one of the following is same as red, yellow, blue?
- (A) Sky (B) Dark  
(C) Green (D) Bright
82. 'D' is the mother-in-law of 'M' who is sister-in-law of 'A'. 'P' is father of 'Q' the only brother of 'A'. How is 'D' related to 'A'?
- (A) Mother-in-law (B) Aunt  
(C) Wife (D) Mother

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 83 – 88):** In each question given below there is a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumption is implicit in the statement.

83. Statement : The book is intended to guide the layman to study Yoga in the absence of a teacher.

Assumptions: I. A teacher may not always be available to teach Yoga  
II. Yoga can be studied from a book

- (A) Assumption I is implicit (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows (D) Both are implicit
84. Statement: The concession in rail fares for the journey to hill stations is cancelled because it is not needed for people who can spend their holiday there.
- Assumptions: I. Railways should give concession only to needy persons  
II. Railways should not encourage people to spend their holidays at hill stations.
- (A) Assumption I is implicit (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows (D) Both are implicit





20115

85. Statement: It is faster to travel by air from Delhi to Bombay.

Assumptions: I. Delhi and Bombay are connected by air services  
II. There is no other means of transportation between Delhi and Bombay

- (A) Assumption I is implicit (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows (D) Both are implicit

86. Statement: Water supply in wards A to D in the city will be affected by about 25 per cent on Friday because repairing work of the main lines was to be carried out.

Assumptions: I. The residents in these wards should economise on water on Friday  
II. The residents in these wards should store water on the previous day

- (A) Assumption I is implicit (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows (D) Both are implicit

87. Statement: If blue is heavy, yellow is light. If red is light, green is medium. But blue is heavy or red is light.

Assumptions: I. Yellow and red are light.  
II. Green is medium.

- (A) Assumption I is implicit (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows (D) Neither I nor II follows



20115

88. Statement: Now you do not need an import license to own an Electronic typewriter

Assumptions: I. Electronic typewriters are now made indigenously  
II. Electronic typewriters are now freely permitted for import

- (A) Assumption I is implicit      (B) Assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II follows      (D) Both are implicit

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 89 – 93):** In each of the question there are two statements followed by one conclusion. Give answer A if the conclusion is definitely supported by statements, B if the conclusion is not at all related with the statements, C if the conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent and D if the conclusion is contrary to the statements.

89. Statements: I. The water level of the river Ganges is rising  
II. Some people live near the Ganges  
Conclusion: There is a danger to some people to lose life and property

- (A) The conclusion is definitely supported by statements  
(B) The conclusion is not at all related with the statements  
(C) The conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent  
(D) The conclusion is contrary to the statements

90. Statements: I. Lala Lajpat Rai was born in Punjab  
II. Bhagat Singh was also born in Punjab  
Conclusion: All freedom fighters were born in Punjab

- (A) The conclusion is definitely supported by statements  
(B) The conclusion is not at all related with the statements  
(C) The conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent  
(D) The conclusion is contrary to the statements



20115

91. Statements: I. Carbohydrates are helpful in the formation of body  
II. Growing children are in need of good nutrition  
Conclusion: Carbohydrates are necessary for the growing children
- (A) The conclusion is definitely supported by statements  
(B) The conclusion is not at all related with the statements  
(C) The conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent  
(D) The conclusion is contrary to the statements
92. Statements: I. Mostly boys feel enjoy in flying kites  
II. Mostly girls like to play with dolls  
Conclusion: Girls are more intelligent than boys
- (A) The conclusion is definitely supported by statements  
(B) The conclusion is not at all related with the statements  
(C) The conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent  
(D) The conclusion is contrary to the statements
93. Statements: I. Cats drink milk  
II. Cats are intelligent  
Conclusion: Animals who drink milk are intelligent
- (A) The conclusion is definitely supported by statements  
(B) The conclusion is not at all related with the statements  
(C) The conclusion is not supported by the statement to some extent  
(D) The conclusion is contrary to the statements

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 94 – 96):** Fill in the correct pair in place of question marks.

94. ? is to Sun as Rain is to ?

- (A) Moon, Rainbow  
(B) Light, Cloud  
(C) Sky, Wet  
(D) Day, Night



20115

95. ? is to Brain as Mouth is to ?

- (A) Skull, Tongue
- (B) Hat, Lips
- (C) Hair, Voice
- (D) Turban, Saliva

96. ? is to Touch as Ear is to ?

- (A) Hand, Know
- (B) Experience, Feeling
- (C) Skin, Hear -
- (D) Hair, Dirt

97. In a certain code CLAD is written as AOEAE. How is DRIP written in the same code?

- (A) AOUE
- (B) AUOE
- (C) AOUU
- (D) OAUO

98. Find out the word which does not belong to the set.

- (A) Frost
- (B) Rain
- (C) Fog
- (D) Ice

99. Uma ranked 8<sup>th</sup> from the top and 37<sup>th</sup> from the bottom in a class. How many students are there in the class?

- (A) 47
- (B) 46
- (C) 45
- (D) None of the above

100. "Furniture" is related to "table" in the same way as "stationery" is related to

- (A) Store
- (B) Chair
- (C) Office
- (D) Pencil

101. What is the number of spokes in the Dharmchakra in the National Flag of India?

- (A) 16
- (B) 18
- (C) 22
- (D) 24



20115

102. Decimal system was introduced by
- (A) Aryabhatta (B) Brahmagupta  
(C) Bhaskara (D) Sher Shah
103. From where did Mahatma Gandhi start his historic Dandi march?
- (A) Champaran (B) Sabarmati Ashram  
(C) Chauri chaura (D) Dandi
104. Kangaroo is the national emblem of
- (A) Uganda (B) Australia  
(C) Italy (D) Austria
105. Which city is famous for glass industry?
- (A) Firozabad (B) Agra  
(C) Guntur (D) Meerut
106. The greatest sufferer during inflation is
- (A) Worker (B) Industrialist  
(C) Person with fixed income (D) Businessman
107. Capital market means
- (A) Mutual funds (B) Money market  
(C) Securities market (D) Banking business
108. Aryabhatta was a famous
- (A) Physician (B) Scientist  
(C) Painter (D) Astronomer



20115

109. A person appointed by two parties to settle a legal dispute is known as
- (A) Solicitor (B) Arbitrator  
(C) Advocate (D) Attorney
110. *Ex parte* decision means a decision given
- (A) after hearing both the parties  
(B) without proper procedure  
(C) after observing proper procedure  
(D) without hearing the opponent
111. Moot Courts, in law schools are for
- (A) exercise of law teaching  
(B) imaginary class from where a student acts as a teacher  
(C) another name for Magistrate's Court  
(D) Mock court, for practice by students
112. Where is the Central Mining Research Institute located?
- (A) Cuttack (B) Jamshedpur  
(C) Dhanbad (D) Pune
113. Which country is called the 'Land of the Rising Sun'?
- (A) Cambodia (B) Japan  
(C) Thailand (D) Indonesia
114. James Bond is a character created by
- (A) P.G. Wodehouse (B) Earl Stanley Gardener  
(C) Ian Fleming (D) Perry Mason
115. Vinegar is an aqueous solution of
- (A) Oxalic Acid (B) Citric Acid  
(C) Acetic Acid (D) Hydrochloric Acid



20115

116. Mahatma Gandhi was referred to as 'The Father of the Nation' first by
- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru (B) Vallabhai Patel  
(C) C. Rajagopalachari (D) Subash Chandra Bose
117. Which company has launched the new e-mail service named Verse?
- (A) IBM (B) Microsoft  
(C) Yahoo (D) Google
118. Who said 'The ballot is stronger than the bullet'?
- (A) Karl Marx (B) Abraham Lincoln  
(C) Lenin (D) Sun Yat Sen
119. G20 Summit 2014 was held in
- (A) Sydney (B) Brisbane  
(C) Melbourne (D) Canberra
120. International Girl Child Day is observed on
- (A) 8<sup>th</sup> October (B) 11<sup>th</sup> October  
(C) 10<sup>th</sup> October (D) 9<sup>th</sup> October
121. World Environment Day is observed on
- (A) June 5 (B) July 5  
(C) April 22 (D) July 7
122. Who has been conferred with Yash Chopra Memorial Award 2014?
- (A) Asha Bhosle (B) Lata Mangeshkar  
(C) Dilip Kumar (D) Amitabh Bachan



20115

123. Who is the Speaker of present Lok Sabha?
- (A) Meera Kumar (B) Sumitra Mahajan  
(C) Sushma Swaraj (D) None of the above
124. Who among the following have been conferred the Nation's highest civilian honour, the Bharat Ratna recently?
1. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
  2. Dhyan Chand
  3. Vidyasagar Rao
  4. Madan Mohan Malaviya
- (A) 1 and 4 (B) All the four  
(C) 1 and 3 (D) None of the above
125. Which of the following institutions is formerly known as the World Bank?
- (A) International Monetary Fund  
(B) World Trade Organisation  
(C) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development  
(D) Asian Development Bank
126. The first law university in India is established at
- (A) New Delhi (B) Kolkata  
(C) Bengaluru (D) Thiruvananthapuram
127. Who said "criminals should be treated as patients in hospitals and the jails should be hospitals admitting such patients for treatment and cure"?
- (A) Salmond (B) V.R. Krishna Iyer  
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Mahatma Gandhi





20115

128. Who propounded the legal theory called "Utilitarian Individualism"?
- (A) Austin (B) Salmond  
(C) Taylor (D) Bentham
129. Which Parliamentary Committee is described as 'Watch-dog' and guardian of the people against official negligence of corruption?
- (A) Committee on Estimates  
(B) Public Accounts Committee  
(C) Committee on Public Undertaking  
(D) Committee on 'Consolidated fund of India'
130. Who is responsible for introduction of Public Interest Litigation in India?
- (A) Justice P.N. Bhagwati  
(B) Justice M.N. Venkatachaliah  
(C) Justice A.M. Ahmadi  
(D) Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer
131. Article 24 prohibits child labour in
- (A) all employment  
(B) only hazardous industries  
(C) all employment excluding household  
(D) None of the above
132. Which of the following 'writ' is concerned with personal liberty?
- (A) *Mandamus* (B) *Quo warranto*  
(C) *Habeas corpus* (D) *Certiorari*
133. What is the age of the child to get immunity from criminal liability?
- (A) Less than 10 years (B) Less than 7 Years  
(C) Less than 8 years (D) Less than 14 years



20115

134. The President can proclaim Emergency on the written advice of the
- (A) Prime Minister (B) Speaker of Lok Sabha  
(C) Union Cabinet (D) Chief Justice of India
135. The foundation of investigation under Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 is
- (A) Complaint (B) First information report  
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
136. 'Bailable offence' means
- (A) an offence which is shown as bailable in the first schedule under Cr.P.C.  
(B) an offence which is made bailable by any other law for the time being in force  
(C) Both (A) and (B)  
(D) None of the above
137. Which of the following has been described as the soul of the Indian Constitution?
- (A) The Preamble  
(B) The chapter of Fundamental Rights  
(C) The chapter of Directive Principles  
(D) The provisions regarding judicial review
138. What is the legal term for the name and fame of a Trading Firm?
- (A) Balance sheet (B) Trade name  
(C) Goodwill (D) Turnover
139. In Law of Torts, a master is generally liable for acts of his servant. This is called
- (A) Strict liability (B) Vicarious liability  
(C) Extended liability (D) Limited liability



20115

140. Public Prosecutor is
- (A) Counsel of the State in the case where government is a party
  - (B) Counsel of the State in a criminal trial
  - (C) Counsel of the State in a civil trial
  - (D) Counsel of the State in both criminal and civil trial
141. According to Indian Law a man is presumed to be dead if he is not heard of as alive for
- (A) 5 years
  - (B) 7 years
  - (C) 10 years
  - (D) 15 years
142. The rights of press are covered implicitly under which Article of the Constitution?
- (A) Article 19
  - (B) Article 20
  - (C) Article 21
  - (D) Article 22
143. The Supreme Court of India declares by issuing a writ that the respondent was not entitled to an office he was holding or a privilege he was exercising. Which writ is that?
- (A) *Habeas corpus*
  - (B) *Prohibition*
  - (C) *Quo-warranto*
  - (D) *Certiorari*
144. Which one of the following is not generally an essential element of crime?
- (A) *Actus reus*
  - (B) *Mens rea*
  - (C) Motive
  - (D) Human being
145. The bailment of goods as security for payment of a debt or performance of a promise is called
- (A) Pledge
  - (B) Bailment
  - (C) Contingent contract
  - (D) Agreement



20115

146. In contract of guarantee, the person in respect of whose default the guarantee is given is known as
- (A) Creditor (B) Surety  
(C) Principal debtor (D) Debtor
147. Theory of 'Social Engineering' was propounded by
- (A) Roscoe Pond (B) Rudolf I von Ihering  
(C) Herbert Spencer (D) Durkehim
148. 'Precedent' means
- (A) a judgment or decision of a court of law cited as an authority for deciding a similar set of facts  
(B) a set of rules prepared and declared by the Supreme Court or a High Court for its subordinate courts  
(C) a list of the cases prepared and declared as recognised by the Parliament or State Legislative Body  
(D) None of the above
149. A right in rem
- (A) is available against the world at large and all rights in rem are negative  
(B) is a 'real right' and converse this right there is duty upon every person of world not to interfere with other's rights  
(C) protects interest against the world at large  
(D) All of the above
150. 'Retributive Theory' means
- (A) 'punitive; to recompense: to pay back; to make a return to ; in the way of requital'  
(B) to return the same injury to the wrong doer which he had committed against the victim  
(C) it says, 'a tooth for a tooth' and 'an eye for an eye'  
(D) All of the above