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ROLL No.

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TEST BOOKLET No.

211

APTITUDE TEST FOR 3 YEAR LL.B.

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of **this page**.
3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the Answer Sheet. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
5. Each question has four alternative responses marked **A, B, C and D** and you have to **darken** the bubble corresponding to the correct response fully by a **Ball Point Pen** as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.
7. Space for rough work is provided at the end of this Test Booklet.
8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of any such unforeseen happening, the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary.



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Direction (Qn. Nos. 1 – 5): Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idioms/phrases:

1. He did me a good turn by recommending me for the post of Vice-Principal.
(A) Returned my kindness (B) Did an act of kindness
(C) Improved my prospects (D) Became suddenly good

2. I have come to know of your hole and corner methods of dealing with people.
(A) Suspicious (B) Strict
(C) Survile (D) Secret

3. The two women are so jealous, that at the drop of hat they start insulting each other.
(A) When hat falls (B) When any one drops a hat
(C) For no reason at all (D) On every occasion

4. The captors of the kidnapped kept his family on tenterhooks
(A) On constant move (B) In anxious suspense
(C) In seething anger (D) In excited walt

5. I stepped forward fully determined to take the bull by the horns.
(A) To meet the danger boldly
(B) To act without any invitation
(C) To act without any preparation
(D) To be fully alive to one's interests



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Direction (Qn. Nos. 6 – 8): Choose the word/phrase nearest in meaning to the underlined part.

6. It is amazing how such a motley group could get along so well.

- (A) Heterogeneous (B) Asserted
(C) Promiscuous (D) Confused

7. He wrote a scathing review of the prize-winning work.

- (A) Biased (B) Scornful
(C) Unbalanced (D) Subjective

8. He corroborated the statement of his brother.

- (A) Confirmed (B) Disproved
(C) Condemned (D) Seconded

Direction (Qn. Nos. 9 – 12): Choose the word that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

9. Bleak

- (A) Offensive (B) Cheerless
(C) Artificial (D) Encouraging

10. Candid

- (A) Vague (B) Experienced
(C) Anxious (D) Secretive

11. Depravity

- (A) Goodness (B) Sadness
(C) Tidiness (D) Seriousness



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12. Eccentric

- (A) Normal (B) Crazy
(C) Peculiar (D) Abnormal

Direction (Qn. Nos. 13 – 17): Choose the word which is closest in meaning to the statement.

13. Study of the origin and history of words

- (A) Linguist (B) Etymology
(C) Biography (D) Bibliography

14. Eighty year old person

- (A) Sectagenarian (B) Heplagenarian
(C) Sixaganarian (D) Octagenarian

15. Having an ugly or displeasing sound

- (A) Quintessence (B) Implacable
(C) Cacophonous (D) Eternal

16. One who is opposed to idol worship

- (A) Infallible (B) Iconoclast
(C) Monopolist (D) Atheist

17. A person who looks at the dark side of everything

- (A) Sadist (B) Pessimist
(C) Optimist (D) Mortal

18. Change to passive voice- Who is creating this mess?

- (A) Who has been created this mess?
(B) By whom has this mess been created?
(C) By whom this mess is being created?
(D) By whom is this mess being created?



19. Choose the correct meaning: EMBEZZLE
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| (A) Misappropriate | (B) Balance |
| (C) Remunerate | (D) Clear |

20. Write the synonym - EXTRANEIOUS
- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| (A) Indispensable | (B) Irrelevant |
| (C) Requisite | (D) Obligatory |

21. The accused having made any statement.
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| (A) rejected | (B) denied |
| (C) refused | (D) declined |

Direction (Qn. No. 22): Choose an alternative from the following which can replace the words underlined.

22. The India-Pakistan war has had a negative impact over the economy of both countries

(A) in the economy	(B) on the economy
(C) in economy	(D) no changes required

23. The passengers demanded for the loss of their baggage during their journey

(A) refund	(B) compensation
(C) money back	(D) prosecution

24. A cock and bull story means

(A) an unbelievable gossip
(B) a children's fable
(C) a quarrelsome dialogue
(D) a competition between unequals

25. Do not intrude, they are talking a confidential matter

(A) on	(B) for
(C) over	(D) in



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Direction: (Qn. Nos. 26 – 30). Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

Mikhail Gorbachev's ouster, though dramatic in every respect, is on no account a surprise. Both his foes and his closest friends had been warning him of it with a heightening sense of urgency for the past several months. Its consequences, however, are wholly unpredictable. The Soviet Union could well witness protracted violence on a mass scale should the reformists and the republics, those which have sought varying degrees of sovereignty for themselves, choose to defy the central authority. It is possible that the country after an initial period of uncertainty, and perhaps even violence, could revert to the pre-perestroika system. Equally uncertain is the course of east-west relations. These are bound to deteriorate though the extent of deterioration must remain a matter of conjecture. Hailed abroad as a leader who had dared to free soviet citizens from fear, who had enabled the countries of Eastern Europe to become democracies ever as they regained their full sovereign status, who had paved the way for the reunification of Germany and who had exposed the moribund and totalitarian character of communism, he appeared, at home to come under fire from all sides.

26. Under Gorbachev's term, the Soviet people were
- (A) afraid to speak (B) indisciplined and violent
(C) committed to communism (D) not afraid to criticise
27. The relations between the Soviet Union and Western countries
- (A) are likely to remain unaffected
(B) may improve considerably
(C) will definitely get worse
(D) will fluctuate
28. The post Gorbachev era may witness
- (A) a more open economy (B) reversal of *perestroika*
(C) greater role for reformers (D) sovereignty for republics



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29. As a result of his policies, the countries of Eastern Europe became

- (A) democratic and truly independent
- (B) authoritarian and inhuman
- (C) united and totalitarian
- (D) democratic but with a monarchy

30. The removal of Mikhail Gorbachev from power is

- (A) Vivid and shocking
- (B) Dramatic but expected
- (C) Thrilling and extraordinary
- (D) Strange and cruel

Direction: (Qn. Nos. 31 – 35). Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

Bansilal's train was late and it reached Mumbai a little after midnight. It was his first visit to the city, and he didn't know where to go. He thought he would go to a choultry where he would not have to pay rent, but he did not know how to find one at that hour. He asked a porter to take him to a choultry, but the porter asked him for three rupees to take him at once. But Bansilal waved him away and walked out of the station. He wandered through the streets and asked a number of people, but could not find a room cheap enough for him. He sat down on a park bench to think of what he should do next. He was very tired and fell asleep on the bench. He woke up the next morning, stiff in every limb, but he smiled when he realised that it was the cheapest night's lodging that he had ever had.

31. Bansilal could not get any accommodation for the night as

- (A) all the hotels in the city were closed
- (B) all the hotel rooms were booked
- (C) the hotels were too expensive for him to afford
- (D) he wanted to spend the night in the open

32. In the passage, the word 'choultry' should mean

- (A) An expensive hotel
- (B) A highway hotel
- (C) A roadside eatery
- (D) A free resting place



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33. The porter refused to help Bansilal because
- (A) he was rude to the porter
 - (B) he had no previous acquaintance with the porter
 - (C) he spoke a language which the porter could not understand
 - (D) he refused to pay the porter any tip
34. The night in the open
- (A) refreshed Bansilal
 - (B) gave him aches all over his body
 - (C) made his limbs stronger
 - (D) did not affect him at all
35. From the passage, Bansilal emerges as
- (A) a thrifty person
 - (B) an extravagant spender
 - (C) an adventurous person
 - (D) a fun loving person

Direction (Qn. Nos. 36 – 40): Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

The best way of understanding our own civilization is to take an ordinary sort of day in the life of an ordinary sort of man, myself for instance, and to see what he does. My home is in London. I get up in the morning when an alarm clock rings on the table by my bed. It is quite a complicated machine and works perfectly. I get into a hot bath, the water for which has been heated by gas. The gas is supplied by the Gas board for the area in which I live, it is part of a national system. The water is supplied by the city water board. After bathing, I share the water for my share comes from a kettle which has been heated by electricity. As far as I am concerned, what happens is very simple. I put a plug in the wall and put on the switch and the electricity does the rest. I use a safety razor, the blade of which made very finely tempered steel, has been cut, together with millions of other blades, by machines. The clothes which I put on have also been spun and largely by steam or electricity driven machines.

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36. The 'I' in this passage represents
- (A) a common man (B) a rich person.
(C) an automation (D) a robot
37. The ideal way of understanding a civilization is
- (A) to read its literature
(B) to see how the people shave, bath and dress
(C) to address the technological progress
(D) to study the daily routine of an ordinary person
38. The 'complicated machine' in the passage refers to
- (A) an electric kettle (B) a safety razor
(C) an alarm clock (D) gas
39. The gas being 'supplied by national system' means that
- (A) it is supplied by a nationalist government
(B) it is supplied only nationally and not internationally
(C) it is supplied by all over the country by a central agency
(D) it is supplied to only those who believe in a national system
40. The kind of life experienced by the writer is representative of
- (A) an advanced urban society
(B) a rural society
(C) a semi urbanised society
(D) a socialist society

Direction (Qn. Nos. 41 - 50): Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

The present Industrial age is steadily placing into our hands power and instruments which are expected to relieve us of mechanical drudgery and give us more time for cultural and artistic pursuits. Machines have undoubtedly



lightened human toil but have also added somewhat to human misery. Modern Industrialisation based on a minute sub-division of labor has *robbed* the worker of the sense of beauty and craft. The craftsman has become a mechanic, a mere tool for the ends of greater production. The development of intelligence and character which skilful creative work produces is now sort in other activities. The workers seek their pleasure outside their work. They claim higher wages and more leisure with opportunities for recreation and relaxation. But the leisure won after so much effort is wasted in costly amusements. Leisure is seldom used for the noble pursuits of the mind.

Besides, the industrial age has made us worshippers of wealth. In the social hierarchy anyone who has the luck or the ability to make money occupies a high place. Before the Industrial Revolution, we had different standards of social valuation. Saints, men of learning, poets and philosophers were at the top of the social scale. The days when human values like honesty, sympathy, understanding, justice and service were considered the most desirable in man are over. Money-making has become one of the most popular industries of the modern world and material progress has resulted in the creation of new wants. *The consumer's appetite grows by what it feeds on.* To want more and to get more, is the way of material progress. By means of this exciting competition we are concealing from ourselves the barrenness of life.

The most serious consequence of the Industrial Movement is the degradation of the values of the home. We see it in many western countries. Parents pursue their own pleasures with little consideration of their duties to their children. The poverty of an empty life drives the children into undesirable channels. Unless some *corrective* measures are adopted to reverse this trend, we may see in the not so distant future, a total disintegration of the family.

41. In the context of the passage, which of the following statements is not applicable to the present day workers?
- (A) Workers find their work more meaningful.
 - (B) Workers have lost their sense of beauty.
 - (C) Workers claim higher pay.
 - (D) Workers have become the means for increasing production.

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42. In the context of the passage, the most serious result of industrial development is the
- (A) creation of new needs.
 - (B) unreasonable demands of workers.
 - (C) neglect of children by their parents.
 - (D) growing appetite of the consumers.
43. According to the author, the children go astray due to
- (A) poverty of the parents
 - (B) excessive and uncalled for control by parents
 - (C) parents not fulfilling their obligations towards children
 - (D) peer group pressures
44. Before the Industrial Revolution, poets and philosophers
- (A) were wealthy men from the upper class
 - (B) did not have the opportunity to make money
 - (C) were highest in the social hierarchy
 - (D) had more opportunities for recreation and relaxation
45. The statement, "*the consumer's appetite grows by what it feeds on*" means that
- (A) consumers are disregarding their appetite and eating more than what is required.
 - (B) it is impossible to satisfy the demands of consumers.
 - (C) consumers' food habits are very different from what they were earlier.
 - (D) satisfaction of consumer needs leads to further creation of new needs.



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46. Which of the following statements is *true* in the context of the passage?
- (A) Human values like honesty, and sympathy are considered as the most desirable qualities in man even today.
 - (B) Industrialisation has caused deep divisions within the labor force.
 - (C) After the industrial revolution, intellectuals began to occupy the top position on the social scale.
 - (D) None of the above
47. According to the author, leisure ought to be used by workers for
- (A) seeking costly amusements.
 - (B) increasing industrial production.
 - (C) engaging themselves in intellectual activities.
 - (D) giving proper attention to the family.
48. Which of the following statements is *not true* in the context of the passage?
- (A) Skilful creative work helps in developing intelligence and character.
 - (B) Family life has been adversely affected by industrial advancement.
 - (C) Social values have considerably deteriorated today.
 - (D) None of the above
49. *drudgery* means
- (A) Restlessness
 - (B) Boredom
 - (C) Laborious
 - (D) None of the above
50. A suitable title for the passage would be
- (A) Consumerist society
 - (B) Modern society
 - (C) Machines - uses and abuses
 - (D) Impact of Industrialisation

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51. Who was known as "Iron Man of India?"
- (A) Sardar Vallabhai Patel (B) Indira Gandhi
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Subhash Chandra Bose
52. Joseph Stiglitz is a Nobel laureate in
- (A) Law (B) Economics
(C) Science (D) Literature
53. Name the mother of PIL (Public Interest Litigation) who passed away recently at the age of 86
- (A) Anupama Rao (B) Kapila Hingorani
(C) Sunitha Narain (D) None of the above
54. Bharat Ratna was awarded to _____ in 2013
- (A) Dr. Amartya Sen (B) Dr. N.T.R. Rao
(C) Dr. C.N.R. Rao (D) Dr. Kasturi Rangan
55. *Meghraj* is associated with
- (A) Weather prediction (B) Cloud computing
(C) ICT services (D) None of the above
56. In which of the cities India's first monorail has been launched?
- (A) Bangalore (B) Kolkata
(C) Mumbai (D) Delhi
57. As per the Environmental Performance Index 2014, India is ranked
- (A) 140th position (B) 155th position
(C) 160th position (D) 165th position



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58. Which state has won United Nations Award for sustainable tourism recently?
- (A) Gujarat (B) Kerala
(C) West Bengal (D) Karnataka
59. The number of public sector banks in India by 2014 is
- (A) 27 (B) 25
(C) 22 (D) 15
60. Raghavan Committee Report is related to
- (A) Consumer Protection Act (B) Competition Act
(C) Right to Information Act (D) Right to Education Act
61. The SANGAI festival is popular in
- (A) Assam (B) Rajasthan
(C) Gujarat (D) Manipur
62. Here was the only session of Indian National Congress, presided by Mahatma Gandhi
- (A) Belgaum (B) Kolkota
(C) Bombay (D) Allahabad
63. African Footballer of the Year 2014 is
- (A) Yaya Toure (B) Samual Eto'o
(C) Yohan Cabaye (D) Idris Elba
64. Which is the largest Gulf?
- (A) Silicon Gulf (B) Persian Gulf
(C) Gulf of Mexico (D) Gulf of California

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65. Baseball is the national game of
- (A) Britain (B) U.S.A.
(C) Canada (D) Netherlands
66. Indira Gandhi Gold Cup is awarded to
- (A) Women Cricket (B) Women Hockey
(C) Women Kabadi (D) Best Woman Athlete
67. As per the latest survey, which among the following state has registered maximum "Crude Birth Rate (CBR)" in the country?
- (A) Jharkhand (B) Kerala
(C) Bihar (D) Odisha
68. Where is Rubber Research Institute located?
- (A) Kottayam (B) Kollam
(C) Kochi (D) Trivandrum
69. Maitree Express connects India with which of the following neighbours?
- (A) Bangladesh (B) Nepal
(C) Bhutan (D) Myanmar
70. One hectare is approximately equal to
- (A) 1.5 acres (B) 2.5 acres
(C) 10 acres (D) 20 acres
71. "A Passage to India" was written by
- (A) Nirad C. Choudary (B) Mulkraj Anand
(C) John Keats (D) E.M. Forster



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72. Where is International Labour Organisation based?
- (A) Vienna (B) Rome
(C) Washington (D) Geneva
73. Which plant stores food in its underground stem?
- (A) Carrot (B) Sweet potato
(C) Onion (D) Tapioca
74. What is the fundamental cause of inequality of income?
- (A) System of private property
(B) The law of inheritance
(C) Differences in opportunities
(D) All of the above
75. Who is the founder of 'Face Book' which is currently the No.1 social networking website in India?
- (A) Bill Gates (B) Martin Cooper
(C) Orkut Buyukkokten (D) Mark Zuckerberg
76. Which of the following High Courts has jurisdiction over more than one state?
- (A) Delhi (B) Patna
(C) Allahabad (D) Guwahati
77. Who is called the founder or father of international law?
- (A) Grotius B (B) Oppenheim
(C) Pollock (D) Henry Maine

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78. A administers drug to a pregnant woman B with the intention of causing abortion. The drug is harmless. Which is the correct response?
- (A) There is no attempt to commit the offence by A
 - (B) There is an attempt to commit the offence by A
 - (C) Drug may cause harm to the child
 - (D) None of the above
79. Which enactment provides for compensation to the victim without going into the question of fault?
- (A) Fatal Accident Act
 - (B) Workmen Compensation Act
 - (C) Motor Vehicles Act
 - (D) All of the above
80. What is *Laissez-faire*?
- (A) Non-interference of Government in economic affairs
 - (B) Controlled economy
 - (C) Mixed economy
 - (D) Socialistic pattern of economy
81. What is an ECO-MARK?
- (A) A scheme for labeling environment friendly consumer product
 - (B) A scheme for labeling pollution free industrial unit
 - (C) A cost-effective production technique
 - (D) An International certification recognising, eco-friendly building

Direction (Qn. No. 82): Read the 'principle' and 'facts' given below and choose the correct alternative.

82. Principle:

A person is said to be of sound mind for the purpose of making a contract if, at the time when he makes it, he is capable of



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understanding it and of forming a rational judgment as to its effect upon his interests.

Facts:

Mr. X who is usually of sound state of mind, but occasionally of unsound state of mind, enters into a contract with Mr. Y when he was of unsound state of mind. Mr. Y having come to know about this fact afterwards wants to file a suit against Mr. X.

- (A) Mr. X cannot enter into contract because he is of unsound state of mind when he entered into contract.
- (B) Mr. X can enter into contract but the burden is on the other party to prove that he was of unsound state of mind at the time of contract.
- (C) Mr. X can enter into contract but the burden is on Mr. X to prove that he was of sound state of mind at the time of contract.
- (D) None of the above

Direction (Qn. Nos. 83 – 85): Each of the following questions consists of two statements, one labeled as 'Assertion' (A) and other as 'Reason' (R). You are to examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answers.

83. Assertion (A): A void contract is not necessarily illegal

Reason (R): Every illegal contract is void

- (A) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (B) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (C) A is true but R is false
- (D) A is false but R is true



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84. Assertion (A):
X, because of unsound state of mind and not knowing the nature of the act, attacks Y, who in self defense and in order to ward off the attack, hits him thereby injuring him. Y has not committed an offence.
- Reason (R):
Y had a right of private defense against X under Section 98 of the Indian Penal Code
- (A) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (B) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of
 - (C) A is true but R is false
 - (D) A is false but R is true
85. Assertion (A):
All minorities, whether based on religion or language, shall have the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.
- Reason (R):
Institutions established by the minorities are not entitled to governmental aid and government is not under an obligation to give aid.
- (A) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (B) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - (C) A is true but R is false
 - (D) A is false but R is true.
86. By the government of India Act 1935, which court was established in India?
- (A) Presidency Court
 - (B) Federal Court
 - (C) Supreme Court
 - (D) District Court

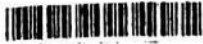


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87. The Comptroller and Auditor General is associated with
- (A) Business Advisory Committee
 - (B) Committee on Public Undertakings
 - (C) Public Accounts Committee
 - (D) All of the above
88. In a civil suit, the person who files suit and the person against whom the suit is filed are called
- (A) accused, prosecutor
 - (B) accuser, defendant
 - (C) appellant, respondent
 - (D) plaintiff, defendant
89. The major source of Indian Constitution is
- (A) British constitution
 - (B) Bill of Rights
 - (C) Government of India Act, 1935
 - (D) Government of India Act, 1919
90. The four pillars of democracy are
- (A) the President, the Prime Minister, People and the Press
 - (B) the Parliament, the President, the Judiciary and the Press
 - (C) the Parliament, the Executive, the Judiciary and the Press
 - (D) None of the above
91. Right to vote in India is based on
- (A) Fair play
 - (B) Adult franchise
 - (C) Equality
 - (D) The idea of justice
92. Bonus to an employee means
- (A) part of salary
 - (B) extra dividend paid out of surplus profit
 - (C) commercial profit
 - (D) withheld wage

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93. Amendment to the Indian Constitution is provided under
 (A) Article 368 (B) Article 78
 (C) Article 352 (D) Article 79
94. Social Security is included in the Indian Constitution under
 (A) State List (B) Concurrent List
 (C) Union List (D) Residuary Powers
95. Brain mapping is
 (A) a test for ascertaining the commission of a crime
 (B) a test for ascertaining involvement in a crime
 (C) adducing evidence against himself
 (D) a chemical test
96. Right to education is a fundamental right by
 (A) Article 21 (B) Article 32
 (C) Article 20 (1) (D) Article 21 A
97. Article 32 of the Indian Constitution allows citizens to move to
 for infringement of their fundamental rights
 (A) High Court
 (B) Supreme Court
 (C) High Court and Supreme Court
 (D) Human Rights courts
98. The highest Law Officer of the state is
 (A) Attorney General (B) Advocate General
 (C) Solicitor General (D) Secretary, Law Department
99. English law is also called as
 (A) Local law (B) Common law
 (C) Private law (D) Public law



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100. Directive principles of state policy in Indian Constitution is inspired by
- (A) U. S. Constitution (B) Australian Constitution
(C) Irish Constitution (D) Switzerland Constitution
101. The administrative control of Indian Army is exercised by
- (A) Ministry of defence (B) President
(C) Chief of Armed Forces (D) Prime Minister's Office
102. Non discrimination between foreign and indigenous goods is denoted by
- (A) equal protection (B) tariff
(C) free-trade (D) inter- state trade
103. A formal agreement between two states are called
- (A) Pact (B) Treaty
(C) Declaration (D) Convention
104. Ratification means
- (A) adoption of a convention
(B) acceptance of a recommendation
(C) signing a declaration
(D) None of the above
105. Plebiscite is
- (A) Representative voting (B) Direct voting
(C) General election (D) None of the above
106. Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted on
- (A) 10th December 1948 (B) 10th January 1948
(C) 10th November 1948 (D) 15th December 1948

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107. Measures to prevent sexual harassment against women is taken on the basis of the judgment in
- (A) Raj Narain v. Union of India
 - (B) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India
 - (C) Visakha v. State of Rajasthan
 - (D) None of the above
108. Kyoto protocol is related to
- (A) Nuclear waste
 - (B) Hazardous waste
 - (C) Climate change
 - (D) Alternative energy resources
109. Minority institutions means
- (A) institution run for the minority rights protection
 - (B) linguistic and religious minorities which establish educational institutions of their choice
 - (C) institutions run by government for linguistic and religious minorities
 - (D) All of the above
110. "Protection and improvement of environment including forests and wild life of the country" is a
- (A) Fundamental Right
 - (B) National Forest Policy
 - (C) Fundamental Duty of citizen of India
 - (D) Duty of each state in India
111. WIPO is
- (A) World Internet Protection Organisation
 - (B) World Intellectual Property Organisation
 - (C) World Internet Providers Organisation
 - (D) None of the above



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112. Broadcasting Corporation of India was established by
- (A) Doordarshan Act
 - (B) Prasar Bharati Act
 - (C) Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act
 - (D) Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Act
113. Money Bills can be introduced
- (A) only in Rajya Sabha
 - (B) only in Lok Sabha
 - (C) both in Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha
 - (D) in both Houses of Parliament
114. Minamata coast in Japan witnessed the disaster on account of
- (A) pollution due to mercury
 - (B) pollution due to oil
 - (C) pollution due to lead
 - (D) pollution due to methyl isocyanate
115. Human Development Index is based on
- (A) birth rate, poverty and economic development
 - (B) health, food and literacy
 - (C) poverty, occupation and income
 - (D) life expectancy, income and education
116. The Chairman of the Rajya Sabha has
- (A) no right to vote
 - (B) right to vote in case of a tie
 - (C) voting rights in all the matters
 - (D) right to vote only on Amendment Bills



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117. Fundamental Duties do not have any
- (A) Legal sanction (B) Political sanction
(C) Social sanction (D) Moral sanction
118. The President's address is prepared by
- (A) The President's house
(B) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
(C) The Minister for Parliamentary Affairs
(D) The Prime Minister and approved by the cabinet
119. Which of the following is known as the abuse of legal procedure?
- (A) Defamation (B) False implication
(C) Malicious prosecution (D) Trespass
120. Which Parliamentary Committee is described as 'Watch-dog' and guardian of the people against official negligence of corruption?
- (A) Committee on Estimates
(B) Public Accounts Committee
(C) Committee on Public Undertaking
(D) Committee on 'Consolidated Fund of India'

Direction (Qn. Nos. 121 and 122): Answer the following questions based on the Assertion (A) and Reason (R).

121. Assertion (A):
A person claims compensation for his non-gratuitous act



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Reason (R):

A person who enjoys benefit from lawful, non-gratuitous act of another must compensate him even though there is no contract

- (A) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (B) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (C) A is true but R is false
- (D) A is false but R is true

122. Assertion (A): The Indian Constitution was adopted on 26th November, 1949

Reason (R):

Law Day is celebrated in India on 26th November every year

- (A) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (B) Both A and B are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (C) A is true but R is false
- (D) A is false but R is true

123. In which case did the Supreme Court held that the preamble was not a part of the Constitution?

- (A) Berubari case
- (B) Golaknath case
- (C) Kesavananda Bharti case
- (D) None of the above

124. The Manager of Waqf is known as

- (A) Sajjadanshin
- (B) Khadim
- (C) Mutawalli
- (D) Mujwar



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125. Constitution (121st Amendment) Bill 2014 is on

- (A) National Judicial Appointments Commission
- (B) Total Prohibition
- (C) Abolition of Planning Commission
- (D) Amendment to Electoral Laws for Enhancing Punishments

Direction (Qn. Nos. 126 and 127): There are two statements which are followed by four conclusions. You have to take these statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from common known facts and then decide which of the conclusions is correct.

126. Statements: I. All boys are beautiful. II. All beautiful are lovely.
Conclusions:

- (A) All boys are lovely
- (B) Some boys are lovely
- (C) Some lovely are boys
- (D) All beautiful are not lovely

127. Statements: I. some people are wise. II. Some people are rich.
Conclusions:

- (A) All the people are not wise but rich
- (B) Some wise people are rich
- (C) Some people are neither wise nor rich
- (D) None of the above

Direction (Qn. Nos. 128 – 131): There are statements followed by two conclusions. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true and consider both the conclusions together, then decide which of the conclusions logically followed beyond a reasonable doubt from the information given in the statement.

128. Statement:

After this amendment to the constitution no child below the age of 14 years will be employed to work in any factory or mine or engaged in any other hazardous employment.



Conclusions:

1. Children below 14 years were employed to work in a factory or a mine previously
2. The employers now abide by this amendment to the constitution

- (A) Only conclusion (1) follows
- (B) Only conclusion (2) follows
- (C) Both (1) and (2) follow
- (D) Either (1) or (2) follows

129. Statement:

The dissimilarities between the problems of rural and urban development stand out clearly when we compare the attitude of the government towards these two fields.

Conclusions:

1. Government has more favourable attitude towards rural development than urban development.
2. Government has more favourable attitude towards urban development than rural development.

- (A) Only conclusion (1) follows
- (B) Only conclusion (2) follows
- (C) Both (1) and (2) follow
- (D) Either (1) or (2) follows



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130. Statement: Castes on social side are a product of human organisations and not a mystery of divine appointment.

Conclusion:

1. Castes are man-made.
2. Divine has created many mysteries in the world.

- (A) Only conclusion (1) follows
- (B) Only conclusion (2) follows
- (C) Both (1) and (2) follow
- (D) Either (1) or (2) follows

131. Statement: Constitutional morality is not a natural sentiment.

Conclusion:

1. Sentiments are innate.
2. Constitutional morality is to be cultivated.

- (A) Only conclusion (1) follows
- (B) Only conclusion (2) follows
- (C) Both (1) and (2) follow
- (D) Either (1) or (2) follows

132. Ram, Madhav, Shilpa Sonali, Namita, Rohan and Preetha are to be seated in a row. Ram and Preetha must be seated at extreme right. Madhav should be at the centre, Shilpa and Sonali don't like each other and want to sit as far apart as possible. Who cannot be seated at either ends?

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| (A) Shilpa | (B) Namita |
| (C) Rohan | (D) Preetha |



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133. In a race Ram surpassed Syam and John surpassed Joan. If Syam and John were equal, who won the race?
- (A) Ram (B) Syam
(C) John and Joan (D) Joan
134. Temple is one mile north from the post office and the bank is two miles east from the post office. If the school is a mile south from bank, then in what direction is the post office from the school?
- (A) North (B) South West
(C) North-West (D) West
135. The chairman arrived at the interview room for conducting an interview at 10 minutes to 12.30 Hrs. He was earlier by 20 minutes than other members of the board who arrived 30 minutes late from the scheduled time. What was the scheduled time of the interview?
- (A) 12.00 (B) 12.10
(C) 12.20 (D) 12.30
136. Suparna is older than Sukanya, Sreya is as old as Shourya, Divya is younger than Soumya, who is as old as Shourya, Sukanya is older than Sreya. Who is the oldest of all?
- (A) Suparna (B) Sreya
(C) Sukanya (D) Shourya
137. Constitution guarantees freedom of speech. Some people create communal disharmony while exercising this right. Choose the sentence of similar logic.
- (A) People go to movies, because they want enjoyment
(B) People who have money buy things, I enjoy myself with my money
(C) Trading is the proper way of making fortune though some indulge in hoarding and thereby creating artificial scarcity
(D) People have right to live, but they die because of illness



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138. "Idle brain is devil's workshop" Choose the sentence of similar logic.
- (A) Dissatisfied person is rebellious
 - (B) More you play, better for your health
 - (C) Hard work is stepping stone to success
 - (D) More you read, improves the confidence
139. India is facing an ever increasing crime rate. We as a nation seem to believe that laws are the only answer to the problem. We have one of the lowest ratio of policemen per thousand people in the world is also a fact. The statements indicates that
- (A) tough laws are necessary
 - (B) crime prevention is very important
 - (C) detention and prevention of crime is the primary issue
 - (D) tough laws by themselves are not sufficient
140. "If water pollution continues at this rate, it will eventually make oxygen molecule unavailable to water plants". Choose the correct assumption.
- I. Water pollution affects growth of water plants
 - II. Water pollution reduces the availability of oxygen in water
- (A) I is correct
 - (B) II is correct
 - (C) Both I and II are correct
 - (D) Both I and II are wrong
141. "A good education system in a country is the flower of development, it is also a seed"
- I. Economic development depends on educational system
 - II. Good education leads to economic development
- (A) I is correct
 - (B) II is correct
 - (C) Both I and II are correct
 - (D) Both I and II are wrong

142. 'Paw' is to 'cat' as 'hoof' is to
- (A) elephant (B) lamb
(C) lion (D) horse
143. EGIK is related to WUSQ. DFFHJ is related to
- (A) WUTP (B) XVTS
(C) VTRP (D) BDFH
144. Praveena has four times as many books as Supriya and five times as many as Suprabha. If Suprabha has more than forty books, what is the least number of books that Praveena can have?
- (A) 200 (B) 205
(C) 210 (D) 220
145. Anupam is the 5th rank holder and his position is 8th from the last. Advaid positioned 6th after Anupam and is in the middle of Anupam and Saket. Total number of students in the class is
- (A) 26 (B) 25
(C) 29 (D) 23
146. All suns are stars. All moons are stars. Some stars are gases. Some planets are suns. The conclusions are
- i. No moon is planet
ii. Some suns are gases
iii. Some stars are planets
iv. Some planets are moons
- (A) i is correct (B) ii is correct
(C) i, iii and iv are correct (D) iii is correct

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147. How many sevens are there in the series given below which are preceded by 8 and followed by 0?

8 0 7 8 7 0 8 0 7 8 7 7 8 7 0 8 7 8 7 0 8

- (A) One
(B) Two
(C) Three
(D) Four
148. Arrange the words in a meaningful sequence

1. Job
2. Education
3. Well-being
4. Income
5. Status

- (A) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3
(B) 4, 2, 3, 1, 5
(C) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3
(D) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5

149. Find the odd one out

- (A) Profit - loss
(B) Wise - foolish
(C) Virtue - wise
(D) Seduce - attract

150. 20 men take 30 days to complete a piece of work. How many men are required to complete the work in 10 days?

- (A) 45
(B) 55
(C) 60
(D) 65

(A)