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ROLL No.

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TEST BOOKLET No.

222

**APTITUDE TEST FOR 3 YEAR LL.B.**

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of **this page**.
3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the **Answer Sheet**. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
5. Each question has four alternative responses marked **A, B, C** and **D** and you have to **darken** the bubble fully by a **Ball Point Pen** corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.
7. Space for rough work is provided at the end of this Test Booklet.
8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of any such unforeseen happenings, the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary.

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1. Choose the one analogous to the phrase "To die in harness"  
(A) Die while being active            (B) Die while in penury  
(C) Die while fighting                (D) Die while in youth
  
2. Choose the word analogous to the word "Dialectic"  
(A) Constructive                        (B) Instructive  
(C) Argumentative                    (D) Destructive
  
3. Identify the odd word  
(A) Adversity                            (B) Despair  
(C) Gloom                                (D) Amiss

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 4 and 5):** Replace the underlined word with the correct choice.

4. "It will be done by then"  
(A) soon                                (B) that time  
(C) earlier                                (D) later
  
5. "The noise comes from across the river"  
(A) beyond                                (B) inside  
(C) cross                                 (D) depths of

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 6 – 8):** Choose appropriate word to fill in the blank.

6. Anjana is hardly a young lady to do any ..... to her husband.  
(A) credit                                (B) harm  
(C) damage                                (D) reputation



7. His ..... behavior stunned us.
- (A) charming (B) awkward  
(C) rusty (D) brazen
8. The restaurant is a regular ..... for them.
- (A) prey (B) haunt  
(C) hazard (D) jeopardy

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 9 – 11):** Choose the correct meaning of the legal phrases given.

9. *De jure*
- (A) Here and there (B) As per law  
(C) Small details (D) At the same place
10. *Sine die*
- (A) Without fixing a date (B) Voice vote  
(C) Secret ballot (D) Capitation fee
11. *Status quo*
- (A) Legally void (B) Present condition  
(C) Easement (D) Property right

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 12 and 13):** In the following questions, there is a certain relation between two given words on one side of :: . Choose the suitable word to be put on the other side from the given alternatives.

12. Arguing : Litigation :: Courting : .....
- (A) Judiciary (B) Adjudication  
(C) Romance (D) Arbitration



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13. Verdict : Trial ::
- |                     |                          |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Audience : Play | (B) Recovery : Operation |
| (C) Finish : Race   | (D) Act : Drama          |

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 14 – 17):** Fill in the blanks.

14. Although the jury thought that the defendant had been somewhat less than ..... in his testimony, the ..... summary of the defence attorney finally convinced them of her client's innocence.
- |                        |                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (A) candid, persuasive | (B) interesting, lackluster |
| (C) honest, confusing  | (D) convincing, inordinate  |
15. Though the law became ..... from 1950, it was not until a decade later that any ..... under that law was recorded.
- |                      |                        |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| (A) invoked, crime   | (B) enacted, Act       |
| (C) effective, brief | (D) operative, offence |
16. A lawyer has a ..... relationship with his client.
- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| (A) fiduciary | (B) financial  |
| (C) personal  | (D) impersonal |
17. The army officer was ..... in the face of trouble and was able to defend himself.
- |            |                 |
|------------|-----------------|
| (A) brave  | (B) to stand up |
| (C) daring | (D) bold        |
18. What is the opposite of 'Lascivious'?
- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| (A) Manifest | (B) Devout |
| (C) Whip     | (D) Chaste |
19. Give the meaning of 'Mitigate'.
- |           |               |
|-----------|---------------|
| (A) Ease  | (B) Imperfect |
| (C) Cruel | (D) Damaged   |



**Direction (Qn. Nos. 20 – 25):** In the following passage, some words have been left out. Fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives.

The concept 20 "Gender Justice" is 21 recent discovery of law. From time immemorial society 22 male dominated, 23 women relegated to the background and 24 rights trampled upon. It is only recently that women began to assert their rights and law recognised that men and women 25 equal rights. Conventionally gender justice refers to the equal, equitable to evenhanded treatment of women in social, political and economic domains.

20.

- (A) of  
(C) on

- (B) off  
(D) the

21.

- (A) an  
(C) of

- (B) a  
(D) the

22.

- (A) had been  
(C) has been

- (B) have been  
(D) None of the above

23.

- (A) the  
(C) with

- (B) their  
(D) these

24.

- (A) their  
(C) these

- (B) there  
(D) None of the above

25.

- (A) have  
(C) has

- (B) had  
(D) his



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**Direction (Qn. Nos. 26 – 30):** Read the following passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives given.

The speech is a great blessing but it can also be a great curse. While it helps us to make our intentions and desires known to our fellows, it can also, if we use it carelessly make our attitudes completely misunderstood. A slip of the tongue, the use of an unusual word or of an ambiguous word may create an enemy where we have hoped to win a friend. Again different classes of people use different vocabularies and ordinary speech of an educated man may strike an uneducated listener as showing pride; unwillingly we may use a word which bears a different meaning to our listeners from what it does to men of our own class. Thus speech is not a gift to use lightly without thought but one which demands careful handling, only a fool will express himself alike to all.

26. Speech can also be a great curse
- (A) if we express in such a way others misunderstand us
  - (B) if we adopt different vocabularies to different classes of people
  - (C) if we always try to please everyone with it
  - (D) if we always try to win friends with it
27. A slip of the tongue means
- (A) biting the tongue while speaking
  - (B) telling lies to defend oneself
  - (C) using words carelessly
  - (D) incurring loss or profit in hasty bargain
28. Speech is a great blessing
- (A) if we use it indiscriminately
  - (B) if we use it carefully
  - (C) if we use it to pleasure others
  - (D) if we use it to play against the other



29. The passage reveals that
- (A) the use of ambiguous and unusual words brings us friends
  - (B) careless use of words creates enemies
  - (C) careful use of words may bring us profit but not friends
  - (D) speech always reflects one's attitudes
30. A fool will express himself alike to all kinds and conditions of men because
- (A) he wants to play with people
  - (B) he wants to deceive everyone
  - (C) he wants to amuse everyone
  - (D) he lacks the power of discrimination in the use of words

**Directions (Qn. Nos. 31 – 35):** Read the following passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives given.

The last millennium, the century to which we have said goodbye, has witnessed remarkable progress in every branch of Science and Technology. Our planet became a global village due to the ongoing information revolution. The biological revolution has placed in our hands the power to alter the blue prints of life. Similarly; there has been spectacular progress in the perfection of weapons of human destruction. However, the fact is that our socio-cultural and ethical evolution has not kept pace with the revolution in science.

31. What has made our planet a "global village"?
- (A) Liberalisation and free markets
  - (B) Information revolution
  - (C) Evolution in socio-cultural values
  - (D) Revolution in science and technology
32. What does the expression 'blue prints of life' stand for in the passage?
- (A) Trails and errors of life
  - (B) Expanding horizons and aspirations of life
  - (C) Achievements and failures of life
  - (D) Detailed plans and schemes of life





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33. What has empowered us to change the patterns of life?
- (A) Biological revolution
  - (B) Weapons of mass destruction
  - (C) Readily available means of transport
  - (D) Spectacular successes in technology
34. Where has the revolution in science failed to impact according to passage?
- (A) Socio-cultural and ethical evolution
  - (B) Removal of global poverty
  - (C) Total elimination of war
  - (D) Removal of social-economic inequalities
35. What is the most striking feature of the last millennium?
- (A) Remarkable progress in science and technology
  - (B) Planet as global village
  - (C) Stupendous strides in science
  - (D) Scientific revolution and socio-cultural evolution

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 36 – 45):** Read the following passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives given.

Software and intellectual property have come a long way to provide new dimension to the markets. For a firm to be satisfied with the performance and functionality of an existing product was to risk losing market share to a competitor that targeted the same market. The nature of competition in the industry has been such that, if there is a perceived market for a particular software product, "someone will build it, and someone else will, as well," said Harry C. Reinstein, Chairman and chief executive officer of the Aion Corp.

While many software firms were aware of what intellectual property protection applied to software primarily trade secret law and copyright law, the actions of most of the firms suggested that legal concerns rarely entered into product-development decisions. The collective behavior of firms served to achieve the constitutional aim on which intellectual property law is based: "to promote the progress of science and the useful arts". More specifically,



the software industry achieved the intent of intellectual property law, that is, to advance the public good, an objective widely interpreted to mean the generation and wide dissemination of ideas and innovations.

Today's legal ferment indicates that software firms are much more attuned to intellectual property issues. And why not? Copyright law and patent law exist to encourage innovation. Both award limited monopolies to those who invest their resources, effort, and ingenuity in developing products that society may deem useful. Thus intellectual property law offers the potential for private financial gain as an incentive for undertaking the risks of innovation.

Francis D. Fisher, adviser to the Educational Technology Group at the Harvard Law School has expressed concerns that innovation in software will diminish without strong intellectual property protection in the light of the industry's historically high rate of innovation. "It is not enough to suggest that the incentives of monopoly are needed." Fisher maintained, "We need evidence. We need to shift the burden of proof, so that those who believe that the public interest gains from extending property rights to software must prove their case". Among those who believe this case is unproven is Richard Stallman, whose Free Software Foundation and League for programming Freedom provide a test of his conviction that innovation is best served absent prices based on commercial monopoly.

While Fisher may be unconvinced of the need to accord strict intellectual property rights to software, the perception that software is vulnerable to abuses by competitors and users is wide spread. Firms trying to position themselves in the market to earn returns on their investment often devote considerable thought to protection strategies.

36. Does Francis D. Fisher consider intellectual property rights important for growth and development of software?
- (A) Yes, as software does not require intellectual property
  - (B) Yes, software growth is possible only through commercial monopoly
  - (C) Yes, strong intellectual property regime is not a requirement for software innovation
  - (D) Yes, software patents are required for giving impetus to innovation in this field



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37. What Harry C. Reinstein contemplates about software market?
- (A) Market of particular software determines the nature of competition
  - (B) Competition in software development may determine the market
  - (C) Software development and market has no relationship
  - (D) None of the above
38. Which one of the following is a correct deduction from the given passage?
- (A) Francis D. Fisher and Richard Stallman are of the same opinion as to software development and intellectual property regime
  - (B) Views of Harry C. Reinstein and Francis D. Fisher are synonymous with software development and intellectual property regime
  - (C) Francis D. Fisher and Richard Stallman are of opposite opinion as to software development and intellectual property regime
  - (D) None of the above
39. Which one of the following is correct?
- (A) Software firms are aware of intellectual property protection to software
  - (B) Trade secret law and copyright law primarily apply to software
  - (C) Software protection issue has rarely affected product-development decisions
  - (D) All of the above
40. Which one of the following relates to Copyright and Patent Law?
- (A) They encourage innovation
  - (B) Both award limited monopolies
  - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
  - (D) None of the above



41. Which one of the following explains, "shift the burden of proof" as stated in the passage?
- (A) Those who believe that the public interest gains from extending property rights to software must prove their case
  - (B) Those who believe that the public interest does not gain from extending property right to software must prove their case
  - (C) Both (A) and (B) above
  - (D) None of the above
42. Who amongst the following is unconvinced according to Richard Stallman?
- (A) Harry C. Reinstein
  - (B) Richard Stallman
  - (C) Francis D. Fisher
  - (D) None of the above
43. According to the passage which one of the following is the constitutional aim of intellectual property law?
- (A) To promote the progress of science and the useful arts
  - (B) To promote monopoly through protection regime
  - (C) To benefit one industry
  - (D) None of the above
44. Which one of the following explains public good as contemplated in the passage?
- (A) Betterment of scientific community
  - (B) The generation and wide dissemination of ideas and innovations
  - (C) Making software freely available to people
  - (D) None of the above



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45. Which one of the following could be a possible conclusion in the light of arguments led by Harry C. Reinstein, Richard Stallman, and Francis D. Fisher?
- (A) Software should not be given strong intellectual property protection
  - (B) Software protection is against public good
  - (C) Intellectual property protection should be given to software
  - (D) None of the above

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 46 – 50):** Read the following passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives given.

History of government in America shows a gradual development of the system. Local governments were the first governments. The primitive tribe that chose the strongest man to be its chief and the oldest men to form a council was establishing local government. It was seeking a better, safer life.

In the same way, the first English settlers who landed at Jamestown, Virginia in 1607 soon realized that they needed rules and leaders. At first, the settlers searched for gold and had to find their own food and provide their own shelter. As food supplies began to run low, and as the colonists faced hunger and disease, they saw that they needed to work together if the colony was to survive. The colonists formed a council to make laws for the colony. They chose Captain John Smith as president of the council to see that the laws were carried out. This government at Jamestown was the first local government in America.

Today's local government is still the first and most important government in American lives. It protects lives, provides safety, and homes and it helps to keep environment clean. Local government provides American with schools, libraries and other important services.

46. The Jamestown colonists formed a government because of
- (A) pride
  - (B) greed
  - (C) necessity
  - (D) togetherness



47. The most suitable title for this passage would be
- (A) Historical Evolution                      (B) The First Government  
(C) American Life                              (D) Rules and Leaders
48. The first colonial government according to the given passage was
- (A) local government                              (B) federal government  
(C) city government                              (D) necessity government
49. The overall goal of local government seems to be public
- (A) annihilation                                  (B) protection  
(C) growth    (D) development
50. What did settlers search first?
- (A) Silver    (B) Law and rules  
(C) Gold    (D) Peace
51. Nirbhaya, the Delhi gang-rape victim, was honoured with
- (A) International Woman of Bravery Award  
(B) Indian Woman of Bravery Award  
(C) International Woman of Courage Award  
(D) Indian Woman of Courage Award
52. The Health Ministry advised doctors not to use one word in medical reports as it is not a medical diagnosis but only a legal definition. What is that word?
- (A) Injury    (B) Rape  
(C) Aberration                                        (D) Penetration
53. Name the President of Venezuela who died recently after a struggle with cancer.
- (A) Nicolas Maduro                              (B) Hugo Chavez  
(C) Edmundo Chirinos                            (D) Ramirez Sanchez



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54. Which Chief Minister said recently that "people forgive our mistakes if we deliver"?
- (A) Jayalalitha (B) Narendra Modi  
(C) Kiran Kumar Reddy (D) Akhilesh Yadav
55. Which of the following gases is a green house gas?
- (A) Oxygen (B) Hydrogen  
(C) Helium (D) Carbon dioxide
56. Who introduced Education through English Medium in India?
- (A) Lord Dalhousie (B) Lord Canning  
(C) Lord William Bentinck (D) Lord Robert Clive
57. 'Vinegar' is
- (A) Acetic acid (B) Citric acid  
(C) Hydrochloric acid (D) Sulphuric acid
58. Night blindness is caused due to the deficiency of
- (A) Vitamin B (B) Vitamin A  
(C) Vitamin K (D) Vitamin D
59. The book "Crime and Punishment" was written by
- (A) Fyodor M. Dostoyevsky (B) John K. Gilbraith  
(C) Oliver Goldsmith (D) Lewis Carroll
60. Gerontology is the study of
- (A) Ageing  
(B) Effect of light on tissues  
(C) Fungal disease  
(D) the process of communication between minds



61. The first Law University in India has been established in August 1987 at
- (A) Thiruvananthapuram (B) Ahmedabad  
(C) Bengaluru (D) New Delhi
62. The bail granted to a person apprehending arrest is called
- (A) Immediate bail (B) Surety  
(C) Advance bail (D) Anticipatory bail
63. The regional language of Orissa (now Odisha) was changed by the Constitution 96<sup>th</sup> Amendment, 2011 as
- (A) Odiya (B) Odian  
(C) Odia (D) Orian
64. Indian Parliament consists of
- (A) Lok Sabha (B) Rajya Sabha  
(C) President (D) All of the above
65. The Citizenship Amendment Act of 2005 deals with
- (A) Foreign citizenship (B) Overseas citizenship  
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
66. Indian President is elected by
- (A) an Electoral College  
(B) Council of Ministers headed by the Prime Minister  
(C) through public election  
(D) Parliament





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67. Which among the following is true?

- (A) "Right to information" depends on the discretion of the concerned authority
- (B) "Right to information" is the right under the Constitution of India
- (C) "Right to information" is the right under the Freedom of Information Act, 2002
- (D) "Right to information" is not a legal right

68. 'Directive Principles of State Policy are the conscience of the Constitution which embody the social philosophy of the Constitution' was described by

- (A) K.L. Wheare
- (B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- (C) A.V. Dicey
- (D) Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer

69. When Human Rights Day is observed?

- (A) 10<sup>th</sup> of December every year
- (B) 11<sup>th</sup> of December every year
- (C) 20<sup>th</sup> of December, once in two years
- (D) None of the above

70. The Chairman of the 17<sup>th</sup> Law Commission was

- (A) Mr. Justice M. Jagannadha Rao
- (B) Mr. Justice B.P. Jeevan Reddy
- (C) Mr. Justice N. Jagannadha Rao
- (D) Mr. Justice K.J. Reddy



71. R.S. Sarkaria was the Chairperson of
- (A) Commission for Centre-State Relations
  - (B) Commission for Delimitation of State Boundary
  - (C) National Commission on Labour
  - (D) Competition Commission of India
72. The unique symbol of Indian rupee was designed by
- (A) Udayakumar
  - (B) Udayachandra
  - (C) Udayaprakash
  - (D) Chakratheertha
73. The world's biggest lake is in
- (A) Caspian Sea, Asia - Europe
  - (B) Caspian Sea, Asia - Australia
  - (C) Caspian Sea, North America
  - (D) None of the above
74. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?
- (A) Right to information is a statutory right
  - (B) Right to education is a fundamental right
  - (C) Right to work is a legal right
  - (D) All are correct.
75. The Competition Act, 2002 replaces
- (A) Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969
  - (B) Consumer Protection Act, 1986
  - (C) Right to Information Act, 2005
  - (D) Domestic Violence Act, 2005



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76. Defamation infringes a person's right to

- (A) Reputation
- (B) Pride
- (C) Privilege
- (D) Status

77. Section ..... of Indian Penal Code provides punishment for murder.

- (A) 299
- (B) 300
- (C) 301
- (D) 302

78. Sexual intercourse with a girl under ..... is rape even if she had given consent.

- (A) 15 years
- (B) 16 years
- (C) 17 years
- (D) 18 years

79. In Law, a man is presumed to be dead if he is not heard of as alive for

- (A) 5 years
- (B) 7 years
- (C) 9 years
- (D) 10 years

80. Match the following

- I. Abandonment
- II. Abatement
- III. Abdication
- IV. Abduction
- (a) Wrongful taking away of a person
- (b) A reduction, allowance or rebate
- (c) Relinquishment of an interest, claim or thing
- (d) Voluntary renunciation of an office

- (A) I-(a), II-(b), III-(c), IV-(d)
- (B) I-(d), II-(a), III-(b), IV-(c)
- (C) I-(c), II-(b), III-(d), IV-(a)
- (D) I-(d), II-(c), III-(b), IV-(a)

81. Prosecution : Accused :: ? : Defendant

- (A) Prosecution
- (B) Plaintiff
- (C) Suer
- (D) Applicant




82. The "Algebra of Infinite Justice" is authored by  
(A) Khushwant Singh (B) Arundati Roy  
(C) A.S. Anand (D) None of the above
83. A right available against world at large is  
(A) Right in personam (B) Right in rem  
(C) Right in pleno (D) Right in situ
84. What is Municipal Law?  
(A) Law of a country as opposed to international law  
(B) Law of Municipality  
(C) Laws of Non-Sovereign state  
(D) Both (A) and (B) above
85. When a judge makes certain remarks in the course of his judgement, which are said "by the way" and do not have direct bearing on the facts at hand, such remarks are called  
(A) Observation (B) Obiter dictum  
(C) Judicial dictum (D) Comments ordinaralis
86. An Act in excess of the authority conferred by law  
(A) Intra vires (B) Illegal  
(C) Ultra vires (D) Extra-legal
87. Criminal law is ..... law, and administrative law is ..... law  
(A) public, private (B) private, public  
(C) public, public (D) private, private
88. Medical Jurisprudence is another name of  
(A) Forensic Science (B) Forensic Medicine  
(C) Philosophy of Medicine (D) Medical Criticism



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89. The maxim '*Res Ipsa Loquitor*' means
- (A) in law there is a remedy for every wrong
  - (B) the aim of law is to seek justice
  - (C) facts speak for themselves
  - (D) justice is blind
90. Cruelty to a woman by husband or relative of husband is defined under
- (A) Section 498A of Indian Penal Code
  - (B) Section 498 of Indian Penal Code
  - (C) Section 497 of Indian Penal Code
  - (D) Section 496 of Indian Penal Code
91. Ossification in a criminal case is a medical test done to determine
- (A) Sex of a person
  - (B) Age of a person
  - (C) Bone density of a person
  - (D) Blood group of a person
92. Vicarious liability means
- (A) Liability for vices
  - (B) Liability of one for the act of another
  - (C) Not a liability at all
  - (D) None of the above
93. An Abettor is a person
- (A) who abdicates his responsibility
  - (B) who abducts a person
  - (C) who instigates a person to do something
  - (D) who objects to a crime
94. An unlawful assembly means
- (A) assembly of criminals
  - (B) assembly of non elected representatives
  - (C) forceful entry into assembly
  - (D) assembly with criminal motive without the sanction of Law


- 
95. An agreement which is enforceable at the option of one or more parties is
- (A) Valid agreement  
(B) Void agreement  
(C) Voidable agreement  
(D) Optional agreement
96. The word suit is referred to a subject matter in a
- (A) Civil matter  
(B) Constitutional matter  
(C) Criminal matter  
(D) Labour matter
97. The power of the Government to take the property of any private person is called
- (A) Acquisition  
(B) Eminent Domain  
(C) Occupation  
(D) Forfeiture
98. Tax levied on the goods brought into a municipal area for consumption, use or sale is called
- (A) Sales tax  
(B) Excise duty  
(C) Octroi  
(D) Income tax
99. Law Day is celebrated on
- (A) 26<sup>th</sup> January  
(B) 26<sup>th</sup> November  
(C) 15<sup>th</sup> August  
(D) 10<sup>th</sup> December
100. Will written by a person comes into force
- (A) after that person's death  
(B) during the lifetime of that person  
(C) after the person falls sick  
(D) after the person becomes mad
101. The giving of right of way to another by the land owner on his land is known as
- (A) Bailment  
(B) Pledge  
(C) Permission  
(D) Easement



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102. When you happen to see the murder of a person, you are expected to
- (A) make complaint to Magistrate
  - (B) give information to police
  - (C) run away from the place of murder
  - (D) remain silent as a helpless person
103. "No person shall be convicted twice for the same offence". This principle is popularly known as
- (A) Double Criminality
  - (B) Double Jeopardy
  - (C) Double Action
  - (D) Double Trial
104. Which of the following is not a writ?
- (A) Habeas Corpus
  - (B) *Quo Warranto*
  - (C) *Res Judicata*
  - (D) Mandamus
105. "Roses in December" is an autobiography written by
- (A) Justice O. Chinnapa Reddy
  - (B) Justice P.N. Bhagwati
  - (C) Justice K. Subba Rao
  - (D) Justice M.C. Chagla
106. "Mortgage" means
- (A) letting property for payment of rent
  - (B) permitting something to be done on a property
  - (C) transfer of property as security for a loan
  - (D) exchanging one property for another
107. Which of the following writs can be invoked for getting a detained person released?
- (A) *Quo Warranto*
  - (B) Mandamus
  - (C) Certiorari
  - (D) Habeas Corpus

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108. Which of the following is correct?
- (A) Two Hindus can validly marry each other even if either of them is having a spouse living
  - (B) Two Hindus cannot validly marry each other if either of them is having a spouse living
  - (C) A Hindu male aged 18 years can marry a Hindu female aged 12 years
  - (D) Two Hindus who are within the Sapinda relationship to each other can marry each other
109. In a landmark judgement in Keshavanand Bharathi case, the Supreme Court clarified the scope of the power to amend the constitution. According to that judgement, the power to amend
- (A) is absolute and without limits
  - (B) cannot be used to destroy basic structure and basic features
  - (C) does not apply to Fundamental Duties
  - (D) cannot be used to repeal the whole constitution
110. Who among the following is the Father of International Law?
- (A) Oppenheim
  - (B) Stark
  - (C) Grotius
  - (D) Aristotle
111. A person taken into the custody by the police shall be produced before Magistrate within
- (A) 12 hours
  - (B) 24 hours
  - (C) 48 hours
  - (D) None of the above
112. Limit of the territorial waters for Exclusive Economic Zone in India is
- (A) 12 Nautical Miles
  - (B) 200 Nautical Miles
  - (C) 50 Nautical Miles
  - (D) None of the above






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113. The present Chairman of the Bar Council of India is
- (A) Mr. Manan Kumar Mishra (B) Mr. Ahwin Kuman Mishra  
(C) Mr. R.F. Nariman (D) Mr. Kabil Sibel
114. How many times the preamble of Indian Constitution was amended?
- (A) 1 (B) 2  
(C) 3 (D) 4
115. Which one of the following writs is issued during the pendency of proceedings in a Court?
- (A) Mandamus (B) Certiorari  
(C) Prohibition (D) *Quo Warranto*
116. The Act which applies to persons who marry persons belonging to a different religion.
- (A) General Marriage Act, 1954  
(B) Hindu Marriage Act, 1954  
(C) Indian Divorce Act, 1969  
(D) Special Marriage Act, 1954
117. The instrument under which powers are conferred on various organs of the government is referred to as
- (A) Code (B) Rules  
(C) Constitution (D) Statute
118. Which provision of the Indian Constitution speaks about Free Legal Aid?
- (A) Article 29 A (B) Article 39 A  
(C) Article 39 B (D) Article 39 C

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119. The word which is not in the preamble of Indian Constitution is
- (A) Justice (B) Equality  
(C) Fraternity (D) Freedom
120. Act of the State means
- (A) Act passed by the State  
(B) Legal action taken by the State Government  
(C) Act done by Government in exercise of its sovereign powers  
(D) Both (A) and (C) above
121. There are two classes of advocates in India. They are
- (A) Advocates and Senior Advocates  
(B) Barristers and Solicitors  
(C) Lawyers and Attorneys  
(D) Supreme Court Advocates and High Court Advocates
122. Elections to fill-up one-third seats of Rajya Sabha are held
- (A) every year (B) once in two years  
(C) once in five years (D) once in six years
123. Which of the following is not a prescribed qualification for appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court?
- (A) He should have worked as a Judge of a High Court for a minimum period of five years  
(B) He should not be more than 55 years of age  
(C) He should have worked as an advocate in any High Court for a minimum period of ten years  
(D) He should be an eminent jurist in the opinion of the President



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124. Rajya Sabha enjoys more powers than the Lok Sabha in the case of
- (A) Money Bills
  - (B) non-Money Bills
  - (C) setting up of new all-India services
  - (D) amendment of the Constitution
125. What is the duration of zero hour in the Lok Sabha?
- (A) 15 minutes
  - (B) Half an hour
  - (C) One hour
  - (D) Not specified
126. In a group of 15 women, 7 have nose studs, 8 have ear rings and 3 have neither. How many of these have both nose studs and ear rings?
- (A) 2
  - (B) 7
  - (C) 3
  - (D) 40
127. When 48 is subtracted from a number, it reduces to its 70%. What is one-fourth of that number?
- (A) 40
  - (B) 50
  - (C) 60
  - (D) 80
128. Ram spends 30% of his monthly income on food, 40% of the remaining on transport and other expenses and saves the remaining. If he saves Rs. 480 per month, what is his monthly income?
- (A) Rs. 2000
  - (B) Rs. 4000
  - (C) Rs. 6000
  - (D) None of the above
129. A man bought a second-hand typewriter for Rs.1200 and spent Rs.200 on its repairs. He sold it for Rs.1680. His profit is
- (A) 20%
  - (B) 10%
  - (C) 8%
  - (D) 16%

130. In a certain code 130584 is written 485031. How is 27096 written in that code?

- (A) 60792 (B) 69072  
(C) 60972 (D) 67092

131. Find the missing number: 3, 7, 15, 31, ?

- (A) 61 (B) 68  
(C) 63 (D) 60

132. If a shirt costs Rs.64 after a 20% discount, what was its original price?

- (A) Rs. 76 (B) Rs. 80  
(C) Rs. 88 (D) Rs. 86

**Direction (Qn. Nos. 133 – 137):** Answer the questions by using the following statements.

- i. There are five cars for sale.
- ii. Maruti is cheaper than Tata but costlier than Daewoo. Suzuki is the costliest.
- iii. Hyundai is cheaper than Tata but costlier than Maruti.

133. Which car is the cheapest?

- (A) Maruti (B) Daewoo  
(C) Suzuki (D) Hyundai

134. If the cars are arranged in order of their prices, which car would be in the middle?

- (A) Daewoo (B) Suzuki  
(C) Maruti (D) Hyundai



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135. If they put in order of increasing prices which car will be second?

- (A) Hyundai (B) Maruti  
(C) Tata (D) Suzuki

136. Which is the second costliest car?

- (A) Suzuki (B) Tata  
(C) Hyundai (D) Maruti

137. Which car is costlier than Hyundai but cheaper than Suzuki?

- (A) Maruti (B) Suzuki  
(C) Tata (D) Daewoo

138. The ratio between the present age of Gopal and Shyam is 4:5. If the difference between their age is five years, what will be the total of their age after five years?

- (A) 45 Years (B) 50 Years  
(C) 55 Years (D) 60 Years

139. Money doubles itself in five years. A man invests Rs. 5000 in each of the years 1960, 1965 and 1970. The amount he gets in 1980 is

- (A) Rs. 65,000 (B) Rs. 75,000  
(C) Rs. 1,40,000 (D) Rs. 1,25,000

140. If PASSPORT is coded RCUURQTU, then how will BOOKLET be coded?

- (A) CQQMNFV (B) DQQMNGV  
(C) CPPLMFV (D) DRRNMGW



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141. If ATTACK is coded as BUUBDL, how is PEACE coded?

- (A) MCZDF
- (B) QFBDF
- (C) NFBBJ
- (D) ABCDE

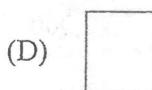
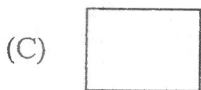
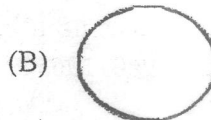
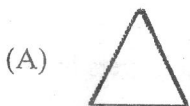
142. Two missiles speed directly towards each other, one at 12000 miles per hour and the other at 18000 miles per hour. Initially they are at a distance of 1115 miles from each other. How far apart they would be exactly 30 seconds before they collide?

- (A) 50 Miles
- (B) 100 Miles
- (C) 250 Miles
- (D) 11.15 Miles

143. A man distributed Rs. 100 equally among his friends. If there had been 5 more friends, each would have received one rupee less. How many friends had he?

- (A) 20
- (B) 25
- (C) 30
- (D) 35

144. Find out the odd figure



145. If in a certain language, GRASP is coded as BMVNK, how will you code CRANE

- (A) XUDQH
- (B) XMVIZ
- (C) GVERI
- (D) HWFSJ



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146. If Tuesday falls on the fourth of the month, what day will dawn three days after the 24<sup>th</sup>?
- (A) Tuesday (B) Friday  
(C) Thursday (D) Monday
147. Father is 5 years elder than the mother and the mother's age is now thrice the daughter's age. If the daughter is 10 years old now, what was father's age when the daughter was born?
- (A) 20 years (B) 15 years  
(C) 25 years (D) 30 years
148. Most of the students of Navodaya Vidyalaya are of outstanding merit. Which of these inferences is correct?
- (A) Some of the students are of outstanding merit  
(B) There is no student in the Vidyalaya who is not outstanding  
(C) There are some students in Navodaya Vidyalaya who are below outstanding merit  
(D) All students are of outstanding merit
149. The time by my watch is 1:30. If hour hand points towards the west, which direction will minute hand point?
- (A) North-east (B) North-west  
(C) South-east (D) South-west
150. While selling a watch, a shopkeeper gives a discount of 15%. If he gives a discount of 20% he earns Rs.51 less in profit. What is the original price of the watch?
- (A) Rs.1,000 (B) Rs.1,020  
(C) Rs.959 (D) Rs.847

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